L.N. 19 of 1992

ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION ACT, 1991 (ACT NO. V OF 1991)

Trade in Species of Fauna and Flora Regulations, 1992

IN virtue of the powers vested in him by sections 32 and 33 of the Environment Protection Act, 1991, the Minister of Education and the Interior has made the following regulations:—

Short title.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Trade in Species of Fauna and Flora Regulations, 1992.

Definitions.

2. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:—

"Act" means the Environment Protection Act, 1991;

"Convention" means the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Washington 1973) which is herein reproduced in the First Schedule to these regulations in the English language only;

"Ecosystem" shall have the same meaning as in the Act;

"Export" means the taking out of Malta of any specimen;

"Fauna" and "Flora" shall have the same meaning as in the Act;

"Import" means the bringing into Malta of any specimen;

"Minister" means the Minister responsible for the Environment;

"Re-export" means the taking out of Malta of any specimen previously imported;

"Specimen" means any animal or plant listed in the Second and Third Schedules to these regulations, whether living or dead, whether whole or in part, whether in the original form or after having undergone any transformation, and the derivatives of any such animal or plant, and includes any animal or plant, whether living or dead, whether whole or in part, whether in the original form or after having undergone any transformation, and the derivatives of any such animal or plant the import, export or re-export whereof is prohibited, restricted or controlled in accordance with the provisions of regulation 7;

"Trade" means import, export or re-export.

Declaration.

3. The species of fauna and flora mentioned in the Second and Third Schedules to these regulations are protected species.

Management Authority.

4. (1) The Department of the Environment is designated as the Management Authority for the purposes of Article IX of the Convention.

(2) The Management Authority shall have those rights listed in section 49 of the Act as well as the power to seize any specimen found in these islands.

Scientific Authority.

5. (1) The Minister shall appoint a Scientific Authority for the purposes of Article IX of the Convention and for such other purposes as laid down in the Convention.

(2) The Scientific Authority shall also advice the Minister on the implementation of Part Six of the Act.

Import, Export and re-Export of specimen.

6. (1) The import, export and re-export of all apecimens shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the Convention.

(2) Any person seeking to import, export or re-export a specimen shall apply in writing to the Management Authority on forms made available for the purpose by that Authority and shall produce such permits or certificates as may be required by the Convention.

(3) The Management Authority shall issue such permits or certificates as may be required by the Convention.

(4) The forms, permits and certificates shall at all times conform to the requirements of the Convention.

Biological identity.

7. (1) The Scientific Authority and the Management Authority shall advise the Minister to prohibit trade in any species of fauna and flora if in their opinion, or in the opinion of any one of them, such trade would endanger the biological identity of these islands or their waters.

Dangerous species.

(2) The Scientific Authority and the Management Authority shall advise the Minister to prohibit trade in any species of fauna and flora if in their opinion, or in the opinion if any one of them, such trade would endanger any ecosystem or any species of fauna or flora.

Species protected in other countries.

(3) The import of any species which is protected in its country of origin, even if not listed in the Second and Third Schedules to these regulations, and even if that country of origin is not a party to the Convention, shall require an export permit from that country of origin.

(4) The Minister may in all cases allow the import, export or re-export of any specimen if sufficient security has been given.

Documentary evidence.

8. Any person who has in his possession any specimen the import whereof is subject to these regulations shall retain in his possession, and for such time as that specimen remains in his possession, all permits, certificates and licences relative to the import of that specimen.

Offenses and penalties.

9. (1) Any person who shall import, export or re-export any specimen in contravention of the provisions of these regulations, and any person who contravenes any restriction, prohibition or requirement imposed by or under these regulations, and any person who conspires or attempts, or aids, abets, counsels or procures any other person to import, export or re-export any specimen in contravention of these regulations or to contravene any restriction, prohibition or requirement as aforesaid, shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) Any person who commits an offence against these regulations shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine (multa) of not less than two hundred Liri but not exceeding two thousand Liri or to imprisonment for a period of not less than one month but not exceeding two years, or to both such fine (multa) and imprisonment.

(3) The provisions of section 28A of the Criminal Code and the provisions of the Probation of Offenders Act, shall not be applicable in respect of any offence against the provisions of these regulations.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 370 of the Criminal Code, the Court of Magistrates (Malta) and the Court of Magistrates (Gozo) as the case may be shall be competent to try all offences against these regulations, and proceedings shall be taken before the said courts and shall be in accordance with the provisions of the said Code regulating the procedure before such courts as Courts of Criminal Judicature:

Provided that, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 376 of the Criminal Code, the court shall, at the request of the prosecution or of the accused, take down the evidence given by witnesses in the manner provided for either in subsection (6) of section 390 of the said Code or in any law for the time being in force.

(5) The court shall give such order in conformity with the provisions of the convention concerning the keeping, re-export or suppression of any specimen both during the pendency of any proceedings and on delivering sentence and may also order that the expenses of such keeping, re-export or suppression be borne by the person found guilty of an offence under these regulations.

(6) The court may also apply the punishment of disqualification of a licence under the Act and such disqualification may either be for life or for a limited period of time.

(7) Notwithstanding the provision of the Criminal Code, the Attorney General shall always have a right of appeal to the Court of Criminal Appeal from any judgment given by the Court of Magistrates (Malta) or the Court of Magistrates (Gozo) in respect of proceedings arising out of the provisions of these regulations.

Civil damage.

10. Nothing in these regulations shall be deemed to affect the provisions of section 47 of the Act.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora

Signed at Washington, D.C., on March 3, 1973

The Contracting States,

Recognizing that wild fauna and flora in their many beautiful and varied forms are an irreplaceable part of the natural systems of the earth which must be protected for this and the generations to come;

Conscious of the ever-growing value of wild fauna and flora from aesthetic, scientific, cultural, recreational and economic points of view;

Recognizing that peoples and States are and should be the best protectors of their own wild fauna and flora;

Recognizing, in addition, that international cooperaton is essential for the protection of certain species of wild fauna and flora against over-exploitation through international trade;

Convinced of the urgency of taking appropriate measures to this end;

Have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE I

Definitions

For the purpose of the present Convention, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) "Species" means species, subspecies, or geographically separate population thereof;

(b) "Specimen" means:

(i) any animal or plant, whether alive or dead;

(ii) in the case of an animal: for species included in Appendices I and II, any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof; and for species included in Appendix III, any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof specified in Appendix III in relation to the species; and

(iii) in the case of a plant: for species included in Appendix I, any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof; and for species included in Appendices II and III, any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof specified in Appendices II and III in relation to the species;

(c) "Trade" means export, re-export, import and introduction from the sea;

(d) "Re-export" means export of any specimen that has previously been imported;

(e) "Introduction from the sea" means transportation into a State of specimens of any species which were taken in the marine environment not under the jurisdiction of any State;

(f) "Scientific Authority" means a national scientific authority designated in accordance with Article IX;

(g) "Management Authority" means a national management authority designated in accordance with Article IX;

(h) "Party" means a State for which the present convention has entered into force.

ARTICLE II

Fundamental Principles

1. Appendix I shall include all species threatened with extinction which are or may be affected by trade. Trade in specimens of these species must be subject to particularly strict regulation in order not to endanger further their survival and must only be authorized in exceptional circumstances.

2. Appendix II shall include:

(a) all species which although not necessarily now threatened with extinction may become so unless trade in specimens of such species is subject to strict regulation in order to avoid utilization incompatible with their survival; and

(b) other species which must be subject to regulation in order that trade in specimens of certain species referred to in sub-paragraph (a) of this paragraph may be brought under effective control.

3. Appendix III shall include all species which any Party identified as being subject to regulation within its jurisdiction for the purpose of preventing or restricting exploitation, and as needing the cooperation of other parties in the control of trade.

4. The Parties shall not allow trade in specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III except in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention.

ARTICLE III

Regulation of Trade in Specimens of Species included in Appendix I

1. All trade in specimens of species included in Appendix I shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

2. The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of an export permit. An export permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) a Scientific Authority of the State of export has advised that such export will not be detrimental to the survival of that species;

(b) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora;

(c) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment; and

(d) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that an import permit has been granted for the specimen.

3. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of an import permit and either an export permit or a re-export certificate. An import permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) a Scientific Authority of the State of import has advised that the import will be for purposes which are not detrimental to the survival of the species involved;

(b) a Scientific Authority of the State of import is satisfied that the proposed recipient of a living specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it; and

(c) a Management Authority of the State of import is satisfied that the specimen is not to be used for primarily commercial purposes.

4. The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of a re-export certificate. A re-export certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that the specimen was imported into that State in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention;

(b) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment; and

(c) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that an import permit has been granted for any living specimen.

5. The introduction from the sea of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant of a certificate from a Management Authority of the State of introduction. A certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) a Scientific Authority of the State of introduction advises that the introduction will not be detrimental to the survival of the species involved;

(b) a Management Authority of the State of introduction is satisfied that the proposed recipient of a living specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it; and

(c) a Management Authority of the State of introduction is satisfied that the specimen is not to be used for primarily commercial purposes.

ARTICLE IV

Regulation of Trade in Specimens of Species included in Appendix II

1. All trade in specimens of species included in Appendix II shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

2. The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant and presentation of an export permit. An export permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) a Scientific Authority of the State of export has advised that such export will not be detrimental to the survival of that species;

(b) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora; and

(c) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

3. A Scientific Authority in each Party shall monitor both the export permits granted by that State for specimens of species included in Appendix II and the actual exports of such specimens. Whenever a Scientific Authority determines that the export of specimens of any such species should be limited in order to maintain that species throughout its range at a level consistent with its role in the ecosystems in which it occurs and well above the level at which that species might become eligible for inclusion in Appendix I, the Scientific Authority shall advise the appropriate Management Authority of suitable measures to be taken to limit the grant of export permits for specimens of that species.

4. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior presentation of either an export permit or a re-export certificate.

5. The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant and presentation of a re-export certificate. A re-export certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that the specimen was imported into that State in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention; and

(b) a Management Authority of the State of re-export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

6. The introduction from the sea of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant of a certificate from a Management Authority of the State of introduction. A certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) a Scientific Authority of the State of introduction advises that the introduction will not be detrimental to the survival of the species involved; and

(b) a Management Authority of the State of introduction is satisfied that any living specimen will be so handled as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

7. Certificates referred to in paragraph 6 of this Article may be granted on the advice of a Scientific Authority, in consultation with other national scientific authorities or, when appropriate, international scientific authorities, in respect of periods not exceeding one year for total numbers of specimens to be introduced in such periods.

ARTICLE V

Regulation of Trade in Specimens of Species included in Appendix III

1. All trade in specimens of species included in Appendix III shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

2. The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III from any State which has included that species in Appendix III shall require the prior grant and presentaion of an export permit. An export permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora; and

(b) a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

3. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III shall require, except in circumstances to which paragraph 4 of this Article applies, the prior presentation of a certificate of origin and, where the import is from a State which has included that species in Appendix III, an export permit.

4. In the case of re-export, a certificate granted by the Management Authority of the State of re-export that the specimen was processed in that State or is being re-exported shall be accepted by the State of import as evidence that the provisions of the present Convention have been complied with in respect of the specimen concerned.

ARTICLE VI

Permits and Certificate

1. Permits and certificates granted under the provisions of Articles III, IV, and V shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

2. An export permit shall contain the information specified in the model set forth in Appendix IV, and may only be used for export within a period of six months from the date on which it was granted.

3. Each permit or certificate shall contain the title of the present Convention, the name and any identifying stamp of the Management Authority granting it and a control number assigned by the Management Authority.

4. Any copies of a permit or certificate issued by a Management Authority shall be clearly marked as copies only and no such copy may be used in place of the original, except to the extent endorsed thereon.

5. A separate permit or certificate shall be required for each consignment of specimens.

6. A Management Authority of the State of import of any specimen shall cancel and retain the export permit or re-export certificate and any corresponding import permit presented in respect of the import of that specimen.

7. Where appropriate and feasible a Management Authority may affix a mark upon any specimen to assist in identifying the specimen. For these purposes "mark" means any indelible imprint, lead seal or other suitable means of identifying a specimen, designed in such a way as to render its imitation by unauthorized persons as difficult as possible.

ARTICLE VII

Exemptions and Other Special Provisions Relating to Trade

1. The provisions of Articles III, IV and V shall not apply to the transit or trans-shipment of specimens through or in the territory of a Party while the specimens remain in Customs control

2. Where a Management Authority of the State of export or re-export is satisfied that a specimen was acquired before the provisions of the present Convention applied to that specimen, the provisions of Articles III, IV and V shall not apply to that specimen where the Management Authority issues a certificate to that effect.

3. The provisions of Articles III, IV and V shall not apply to specimens that are personal or household effects. This exemption shall not apply where:

(a) in the case of specimens of a species included in Appendix I, they were acquired by the owner outside his State of usual residence, and are being imported into that State; or

(b) in the case of specimens of species included in Appendix II:

(i) they were acquired by the owner outside his State of usual residence and in a State where removal from the wild occurred;

(ii) they are being imported into the owner's State of usual residence; and

(iii) the State where removal from the wild occurred requires the prior grant of export permits before any export of such specimens;

unless a Management Authority is satisfied that the specimens were acquired before the provisions of the present Convention applied to such specimens.

4. Specimens of an animal species included in Appendix I bred in captivity for commercial purpose, or of a plant species included in Appendix I artificially propagated for commercial purposes, shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix II.

5. Where a Management Authority of the State of export is satisfied that any specimen of an animal species was bred in captivity or any specimen of a plant species was artificially propagated, or is a part of such an animal or plant or was derived therefrom, a certificate by that Management Authority to that effect shall be accepted in lieu of any of the permits or certificates required under the provisions of Articles III, IV or V.

6. The provisions of Articles III, IV and V shall not apply to the non-commercial loan, donation or exchange betweeen scientists or scientific institutions registered by Management Authority of their State, of herbarium specimens, other preserved, dried or embedded museum specimens, and live plant material which carry a label issued or approved by a Management Authority.

7. A Management Authority of any State may waive the requirements of Articles III, IV and V and allow the movement without permits or certificates of specimens which form part of a travelling zoo, circus, menagerie, plant exhibition or other travelling exhibition provided that:

(a) the exporter or importer registers full details of such specimens with that Management Authority;

(b) the specimens are in either of the categories specified in paragraphs 2 or 5 of this Article; and

(c) the Management Authority is satisfied that any living specimen will be so transported and cared for as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

ARTICLE VIII

Measures to be Taken by the Parties

1. The Parties shall take appropriate measures to enforce the provisions of the present Convention and to prohibit trade in specimens in violation thereof. These shall include measures:

(a) to penalize trade in, or possession of, such specimens, or both; and

(b) to provide for the confiscation or return to the State of export of such specimens.

2. In addition to the measures taken under paragraph 1 of this Article, a Party may, when it deems it necessary, provide for any method of internal reimbursement for expenses incurred as a result of the confiscation of a specimen traded in violation of the measures taken in the application of the provisions of the present Convention.

3. As far as possible, the Parties shall ensure that specimens shall pass through any formalities required for trade with a minimum of delay. To facilitate such passage, a Party may designate ports of exit and ports of entry at which specimens must be presented for clearance. The Parties shall ensure further that all living specimens, during any period of transit, holding or shipment, are properly cared for so as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

4. Where a living specimen is confiscated as result of measures referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article:

(a) the specimen shall be entrusted to a Management Authority of the State of confiscation;

(b) the Management Authority shall, after consultation with the State of export, return the specimen to that State at the expense of that State, or to a rescue centre or such other place as the Management Authority deems appropriate and consistent with the purposes of the present Convention; and

(c) the Management Authority may obtain the advice of a Scientific Authority, or may, whenever it considers it desirable, consult the Secretariat in order to facilitate the decision under subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, including the choice of a rescue centre or other place.

5. A rescue centre as referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article means an institution designated by a Management Authority to look after the welfare of living specimens, particularly those that have been confiscated.

6. Each Party shall maintain records of trade in specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III which shall cover:

(a) the names and addresses of exporters and importers; and

(b) the number and type of permits and certificates granted; the States with which such trade occurred; the numbers or quantities and types of specimens, names of species as included in Appendices I, II and III and, where applicable, the size and sex of the specimens in question.

7. Each Party shall prepare periodic reports on its implementation of the present Convention and shall transmit to the Secretariat:

(a) an annual report containing a summary of the information specified in sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph 6 of this Article; and

(b) a biennial report on legislative, regulatory and administrative measures taken to enforce the provisions of the present Convention.

8. The information referred to in paragraph 7 of this Article shall be available to the public where this is not inconsistent with the law of the Party concerned.

ARTICLE IX

Management and Scientific Authorities

1. Each Party shall designate for the purpose of the present Convention;

(a) one or more Management Authorities competent to grant permits or certificates on behalf of that Party; and

(b) one or more Scientific Authorities.

2. A State depositing an instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession shall at that time inform the Depositary Government of the name and address of the Management Authority authorized to communicate with other Parties and with the Secretariat.

3. Any changes in the designations or authorizations under the provisions of this Article shall be communicated by the Party concerned to the Secretariat for transmission to all other Parties.

4. Any Management Authority referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article shall if so requested by the Secretariat or the Management Authority of another Party, communicate to it impression of stamps, seals or other devices used to authenticate permits or certificates.

ARTICLE X

Trade with States not Party to the Convention

Where export or re-export is to, or import is from, a State not a party to the present Convention, comparable documentation issued by the competent authorities in that State which substantially conforms with the requirements of the present Convention for permits and certificates may be accepted in lieu thereof by any Party.

ARTICLE XI

Conference of the Parties

1. The Secretariat shall call a meeting of the Conference of the Parties not later than two years after the entry into force of the present Convention.

2. Thereafter the Secretariat shall convene regular meetings at least once every two years, unless the Conference decides otherwise, and extraordinary meetings at any time on the written request of at least one-third of the Parties.

3. At meetings, whether regular or extraordinary, the Parties shall review the implementation of the present Convention and may:

(a) make such provision as may be necessary to enable the Secretariat to carry out its duties, and adopt financial provisions;

(b) consider and adopt amendements to Appendices I and II in accordance with Article XV;

(c) review the progress made towards the restoration and conservation of the species included in Appendices I, II and III;

(d) receive and consider any reports presented by the Secretariat or by any Party; and

(e) where appropriate, make recommendations for improving the effectiveness of the present Convention.

4. At each regular meeting, the Parties may determine the time and venue of the next regular meeting to be held in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article.

5. At any meeting, the Parties may determine and adopt rules of procedure for the meeting.

6. The United Nations, its Specialized Agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency, as well as any State not a Party to the present Convention, may be represented at meetings of the conference by observers, who shall have the right to participate but not to vote.

7. Any body or agency technically qualified in protection, conservation or management of wild fauna and flora, in the following catagories, which has informed the Secretariat of its desire to be represented at meetings of the Conference by observers, shall be admitted unless at least one-third of the Parties present object:

(a) international agencies or bodies, either governmental or non-governmental, and national governmental agencies and bodies; and

(b) national non-governmental agencies or bodies which have been approved for this purpose by the State in which they are located.

Once admitted, these observers shall have the right to participate but not to vote.

ARTICLE XII

The Secretariat

1. Upon entry into force of the present Convention, a Secretariat shall be provided by the Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme. To the extent and in the manner he considers appropriate, he may be assisted by suitable inter-governmental or non-governmental, international or national agencies and bodies technically qualified in protection, conservation and management of wild fauna and flora.

2. The functions of the Secretariat shall be:

(a) to arrange for and service meetings of the Parties;

(b) to perform the functions entrusted to it under the provisions of Articles XV and XVI of the present Convention;

(c) to undertake scientific and technical studies in accordance with programmes authorized by the Conference of the Parties as will contribute to the implementation of the present Convention, including studies concerning standards for appropriate preparation and shipment of living speciments and the means of identifying specimens;

(d) to study the reports of Parties and to request from Parties such further information with respect thereto as it deems necessary to ensure implementation of the present Convention;

(e) to invite the attention of the Parties to any matter pertaining to the aims of the present Convention;

(f) to publish periodically and distribute to the Parties current editions of Appendices I, II and III together with any information which will facilitate identification of specimens of species included in those Appendices.

(g) to prepare annual reports to the Parties on its work and on the implementation of the present Convention and such other reports as meetings of the Parties may request;

(h) to make recommendations for the implementation of the aims and provisions of the present Convention, including the exchange of information of a scientific or technical nature;

(i) to perform any other function as may be entrusted to it by the Parties.

ARTICLE XIII

International Measures

1. When the Secretariat in the light of information received is satisfied that any species included in Appendices I or II is being affected adversely by trade in specimens of that species or that the provisions of the present Convention are not being effectively implemented, it shall communicate such information to the authorized Management Authority of the Party or Parties concerned.

2. When any Party receives a communication as indicated in paragraph 1 of this Article, it shall, as soon as possible, inform the Secretariat of any relevant facts insofar as its laws permit and, where appropriate, propose remedial action. Where the Party considers that an inquiry is desirable, such inquiry may be carried out by one or more persons expressly authorized by the Party.

3. The information provided by the Party or resulting from any inquiry as specified in paragraph 2 of this Article shall be reviewed by the next Conference of the Parties which may make whatever recommendations it deems approriate.

ARTICLE XIV

Effet on Domenstic Legislation and Internaiton Conventions

1. The provisions of the present Convention shall in no way affect the right of Parties to adopt:

(a) sticter domestic measures regarding the conditions for trade, taking, possession or transport of specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III, or the complete prohibition thereof; or

(b) domestic measures restricting or prohibiting trade, taking, possession, or transport of species not included in Appendices I, II or III.

2. The provisions of the present Convention shall in no way affect the provisions of any domestic measures or the obligations of Parties deriving from any treaty, convention, or international agreement relating to other aspects of trade, taking, possession, or transport of specimens which is in force or subsequently may enter into force for any Party including any measure pertaining to the Customs, public health, veterinary or plant quarantine fields.

3. The provisions of the present Convention shall in no way affect the provisions of, or the obligations deriving from, any treaty, convention or international agreement concluded or which may be concluded between States creating a union or regional trade agreement establishing or maintaining a common external customs control and removing customs control between the parties thereto insofar as they relate to trade among the States memebrs of that union agreement.

4. A State Party to the present Convention, which is also a party to any other treaty, convention or international agreement which is in force at the time of the coming into force of the present Convention and under the provisions of which protection is afforded to marine species included in Appendix II, shall be relieved of the obligation imposed on it under the provisions of the present Convention with respect to trade in specimens of species included in Appendix II that are taken by ships registered in that State and in accordance with the provisions of such other treaty, convention or international agreement.

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of Articles III, IV and V, any export of a specimen taken in accordance with paragraph 4 of this Article shall only require a certificate from a Management Authority of the Sate of introduction to the effect that the specimen was taken in accordance with the provisions of the other treaty, convention or international agreement in question.

6. Nothing in the present Convention shall prejudice the codification and development of the law of the sea by the United Nations Conference of the Law of the Sea convened pursuant to Resolution 2750 C (XXV) of the General Assembly of the United Nations nor the present or future claims and legal views of any State concerning the law of the sea and the nature and extent of coastal and flag State jurisdiction.

ARTICLE XV

Amendments to Appendices I and II

1. The following provisions shall apply in relation to amendments to Appendices I or II at meetings of the Conference of the Parties:

(a) Any Party may propose an amendment to Appendix I or II for consideration at the next meeting. The text of the proposed amendment shall be communicated to the Secretariat at least 150 days before the meeting. The Secretariat shall consult the other Parties and interested bodies on the amendment in accordance with the provisons of sub-paragraph (b) and (c) of paragraph 2 of this Article and shall communicate the response to all Parties not laer than 30 days before the meeting.

(b) Amendments shall be adopted by a two-thirds majority of Parties present and voting. For these purposes "Parties present and voting" means Parties present and casting an affirmative or negative vote. Parties abstaining from voting shall not be counted among the two-thirds required for adopting an amendment.

(c) Amendments adopted at a meeting shall enter into force 90 days after that meeting for all Parties except those which made a reservation in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article.

2. The following provisions shall apply in relation to amendments to Appendices I and II between meetings of the Conference of the Parties:

(a) Any Party may propose an amendment to Appendix I or II for consideration between meetings by the postal procedures set forth in this paragraph.

(b) For marine species, the Secretariat shall, upon receiving the text of the proposed amendment, immediately communicate it to the Parties. It shall also consult inter-governmental bodies having a function in relation to those species especially with a view to obtaining scientific data these bodies may be able to provide and to ensuring coordiantion with any conservation measures enforced by such bodies. The Secretariat shall communicate the views expressed and data provided by these bodies and its own findings and recommendations to the Parties as soon as possible.

(c) For species other than marine species, the Secretariat shall, upon receiving the text of the proposed amendment, immediately communicate it to the Parties, and, as soon as possible thereafter, its own recommendations.

(d) Any Party may, within 60 days of the date on which the Secretariat communicated its recommendations to the Parties under sub-paragraphs (b) or (c) of this paragraph, transmit to the Secretariat any comments on the proposed amendment together with any relevant scientific data and information.

(e) The Secretariat shall communicate the replies received together with its own recommendations to the Parties as soon as possible.

(f) If no objection to the proposed amendment is received by the Secretariat within 30 days of the date the replies and recommendations were communicated

under the provisions of sub-paragraph (e) of this paragraph, the amendment shall enter into force 90 days later for all Parties except those which make a reservation in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article.

(g) If an objection by any Party is received by the Secretariat, the proposed amendment shall be submitted to a postal vote in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraphs (h), (i) and (j) of this paragraph.

(h) The Secretariat shall notify the Parties that notification of objection has been received.

(i) Unless the Secretariat receives the votes for, against or in abstention from at least one-half of the Parties within 60 days of the date of notification under sub-paragraph (h) of this paragraph, the proposed amendment shall be referred to the next meeting of the Conference for further consideration.

(j) Provided that votes are received from one-half of the Parties, the amendment shall be adopted by a two-thirds majority of Parties casting an affirmative or negative vote.

(k) The Secretariat shall notify all Parties of the result of the vote.

(l) if the proposed amendment is adopted it shall enter into force 50 days after the date of the notification by the Secretariat of its acceptance for all Parties except those which make a reservation in accordance with paragaraph 3 of this Article.

3. During the period of 90 days provided for by sub-paragraph (c) of paragraph 1 or sub-paragraph (l) of paragraph 2 of this Article any Party may by notification in writing to the Depositary Government make a reservation with respect to the amendment. Until such reservation is withdrawn the Party shall be treated as a State not a Party to the present Convention with respect to trade in the species concerned.

ARTICLE XVI

Appendix III and Amendments thereto

1. Any party may at any time submit to the Secretariat a list of species which it identifies as being subject to regulation within its jurisdiction for the purpose mentioned in paragraph 3 of Article II. Apendix III shall include the names of the Parties submitting the species for inclusion therein, the scientific names of the species so submitted, and any parts or derivatives of the animals or plants concerned that are specified in relation to the species for the purposes of sub-paragraph (b) of Article I.

2. Each list submitted under the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article shall be communciated to the Parties by the Secretariat as soon as possible after receiving it. The list shall take effect as part of Appendix III 90 days after the date of such communication. At any time after the communication of such lest, any Party may notification in writing to the Depositary Government enter a reservation with respect to any species or any parts or derivatives, and until such reservation is withdrawn, the Sate shall be treated as a State not a Party to the present Convention with respect to trade in the species or part or derivative concerned.

3. A Party which has submitted a species for inclusion in Appendix III may withdraw it at any time by notification to the Secretarjat which shall communicate the withdrawal to all Parties. The withdrawal shall take effect 30 days after the date of such communication.

4. Any Party submitting a list under the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article shall submit to the Secretariat a copy of all domestic laws and regulations applicable to the protection of such species, together with any interpretations which the Party may deem appropriate or the Secretariat may request. The Party shall, for as long as the species in question is included in Appendix III, submit any amendment of such laws and regulations or any new interpretations as they are adopted.

ARTICLE XVII

Amendment of the Convention

1. An extraoardinary meeting of the Conference of the Parties shall be convened by the Secretariat on the written request of at least one-third of the Parties to consider and adopt amendments to the present Convention. Such amendments shall be adopted by a two-thirds majority of Parties present and voting. For these purposes "Parties present and voting" means Parties present and casting an affirmative or negative vote. Parties abstaining from voting shall not be counted among the two-thirds required for adopting an amendment.

2. The text of any proposed amendment shall be communicated by the Secretariat to all Parties at least 90 days before the meeting.

3. An amendment shall enter into force for the Parties which have accepted it 60 days after two-thirds of the Parties have deposited an instrument of acceptance of the amendment with the Depositary Government. Thereafter, the amendment shall enter into force for any other Party 60 days after that Party deposits its instrument of acceptance of the amendment.

ARTICLE XVIII

Resolution of Disputes

1. Any dispute which may arise between two or more Parties with respect to the interpretation or application of the provisions of the present Convention shall be subject to negotiation between the Parties involved in the dispute.

2. If the dispute cannot be resolved in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article, the Parties may, by mutual consent, submit the dispute to arbitration, in particular that of the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague and the Parties submitting the dispute shall be bound by the arbitral decision.

ARTICLE XIX

Signature

The present Convention shall be open for signature at Washington until 30th April 1973 and thereafter at Berne until 31st December 1974.

ARTICLE XX

Ratification, Acceptance, Approval

The present Convention shall be subject to ratification, acceptance or approval, Instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval shall be deposited with the Government of the Swiss Confederation which shall be the Depositary Government.

ARTICLE XXI

Accession

The present Convention shall be open indefinitely for accession. Instruments of accession shall be deposited with the Depositary Government.

ARTICLE XXII

Entry into Force

1. The present Convention shall enter into force 90 days after the date of deposit of the tenth instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, with the Depositary Government.

2. For each State which ratifies, accepts or approves the present Convention or accedes thereto after the deposit of the tenth instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, the present Convention shall enter into force 90 days after the deposit by such State of its instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession.

ARTICLE XXIII

Reservations

1. The provisions of the present Convention shall not be subject to general reservations. Specific reservations may be entered in accordance with the provisions of this Article and Articles XV and XVI.

2. Any State may, on depositing its instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, enter a specific reservation with regard to:

(a) any species included in Appendix I, II or III; or

(b) any parts or derivatives specified in relation to a species included in Appendix III.

3. Until a Party withdraws its reservation entered under the provisions of this Article, it shall be treated as a State not a party to the present Convention with respect to trade in the particular species or parts or derivatives specified in such reservation.

ARTICLE XXIV

Denunciation

Any Party may denounce the present Convention by written notification to the Depositary Government at any time. The denunciation shall take effect twelve months after the Depositary Government has received the notification.

ARTICLE XXV

Depositary

1. The original of the present Covention, in the Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish languages, each version being equally authentic, shall be deposited with the Depositary Government, which shall transmit certified copies thereof to all States that have signed it or deposited instruments of accession to it.

2. The Depositary Government shall inform all signatory and acceding States and the Secretariat of signatures, deposit of instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, entry into force of the present Convention, amendments thereto, entry and withdrawal of reservations and notifications of denunciaton.

3. As soon as the present Convention enters into force, a certified copy thereof shall be transmitted by the Depositary Government to the Secretariat of the United Nations for registration and publication in accordance with Article 102 of the Charter of the United Nations.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries, being duly authorized to that effect, have signed the present Convention.

Done at Washington this third day of March, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy-three.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Appendices I and II

	I	II
FAUNA		
MAMMALIA		
MONOTREMATA		
Tachyglossidae		*Zaglossus* spp.

MARSUPIALIA		
Dasyuridae	*Sminthopsis longicaudata* *Sminthopsis psammophila*	
Thylacinidae	*Thylacinus cynocephalus* p.e.	
Peramelidae	*Chaeropus ecaudatus* p.e. *Perameles bougainville*	
Thylacomyidae	*Macrotis lagotis* *Macrotis leucura*	
Phalangeridae		*Phalanger maculatus* *Phalanger orientalis*
Burramyidae		*Burramys parvus*
Vombatidae	*Lasiorhinus krefftii*	
Macropodidae	*Bettongia* spp. Caloprymnus campestris p.e.	
	I	II
Macropodidae (cont.)		*Dendrolagus bennettianus* *Dendrolagus inustus* *Dendrolagus lumholtzi* *Dendrolagus ursinus*
	Lagorchestes hirsutus *Lagostrophus fasciatus* *Onychogalea fraenata* *Onychogalea lunata*	
CHIROPTERA		
Pteropodidae		*Acerodon* spp. *Pteropus* spp.
	Pteropus insularis *Pteropus mariannus* *Pteropus molossinus* *Pteropus phaeocephalus* *Pteropus pilosus* *Pteropus samoensis* *Pteropus tonganus*	
PRIMATES		PRIMATES spp.
Lemuridae	Lemuridae spp.	
Cheirogaleidae	Cheirogaleidae spp.	
Indriidae	Indriidae spp.	
Daubentoniidae	*Daubentonia madagascariensis*	
Callithricidae	*Callithrix jacchus aurita* *Callithrix jacchus flaviceps* *Leontopithecus* spp. *Saguinus bicolor*	

	I	II
		Saguinus leucopus *Saguinus oedipus*
	Callimiconidae	*Callimico goeldii*
	Cebidae	*Alouatta palliata* *Ateles geoffroyi frontatus* *Ateles geoffroyi panamensis* *Brachyteles arachnoides* *Cacajao* spp. *Chiropotes albinasus* *Lagothrix flavicauda* *Saimiri oerstedii*
	Cercopithecidae	*Cercocebus galeritus galeritus* *Cercopithecus diana* *Colobus pennantii kirki* *Colobus rufomitratus* *Macaca silenus*
	Nasalis spp. *Papio leucophaeus* *Papio sphinx* *Presbytis entellus* *Presbytis geei* *Presbytis pileata* *Presbytis potenziani* *Pygathrix* spp.	
Hylobatidae	*Hylobatidae* spp.	
Pongidae	*Pongidae* spp.	
EDENTATA		
Myrmecophagidae		*Myrmecophaga tridactyla* *Tamandua tetradactyla chapadensis*
Bradypodidae		*Bradypus variegatus*
Dasypodidae	*Priodontes maximus*	
PHOLIDOTA		
Manidae		*Manis crassicaudata* *Manis javanica* *Manis pentadactyla*
	Manis temminckii	
LAGOMORPHA		
Leporidae	*Caprolagus hispidus* *Romerolagus diazi*	
RODENTIA		
Sciuridae	*Cynomys mexicanus*	*Ratufa* spp.

	I	II
Muridae	*Leporillus conditor*	
	Pseudomys praeconis	
	Xeromys myoides	
	Zyzomys pedunculatus	
Chinchillidae	*Chinchilla* spp.	
CETACEA		CETACEA spp.
Platanistidae	*Lipotes vexillifer*	
	Platanista spp.	
Ziphiidae	*Berardius* spp.	
	Hyperoodon spp.	
Physeteridae	*Physeter macrocephalus*	
Delphinidae	*Sotalia* spp.	
	Sousa spp.	
Phocoenidae	*Neophocaena phocaenoides*	
	Phocoena sinus	
Eschrichtidae	*Eschrichtius robustus*	
Balaenopteridae	*Balaenoptera acutorostrata*	
	Balaenoptera borealis	
	Balaenoptera edeni	
	Balaenoptera musculus	
	Balaenoptera physalus	
	Megaptera novaeangliae	
Balaenidae	*Balaena* spp.	
	Caperea marginata	
CARNIVORA		
Canidae	*Canis lupus*	*Canis lupus*
		Chrysocyon brachyurus
		Cuon alpinus
		Dusicyon culpaeus
		Dusicyon griseus
		Dusicyon gymnocercus
	Speothos venaticus	
		Vulpes cana
		Vulpes zerda
Ursidae	*Alluropoda melanoleuca*	
	Helarctos malayanus	
	Melursus ursinus	
	Selenarctos thibetanus	
	Tremarctos ornatus	
	Ursus arctos	*Ursus arctos*
	Ursus arctos isabellinus	
	Ursus arctos pruinosus	
		Ursus maritimus

	I	II
Procyonidae		*Ailurus fulgens*
Mustelidae	*Aonyx congica*	
		Conepatus humboldtii
	Enhydra lutris nereis	
	Lutra felina	
	Lutra longicaudis	
	Lutra lutra	
	Lutra provocax	*Lutrinae* spp.
	Mustela nigripes	
	Pteronura brasiliensis	
Viverridae		*Cryptoprocta ferox*
		Cynogale bennettii
		Eupleres goudotii
		Fossa fossa
Viverridae (cont.)		*Hemigalus derbyanus*
		Prionodon linsang
	Prionodon pardicolor	
Hyaenidae	*Hyaena brunnea*	
Felidae		Felidae spp.
	Acinonyx jubatus	
	Felis bengalensis bengalensis	
	Felis caracal	
	Felis concolor coryi	
	Felis concolor costaricensis	
	Felis concolor cougar	
	Felis jacobita	
	Felis marmorata	
	Felis nigripes	
	Felis pardalis	
	Felis pardina	
	Felis planiceps	
	Felis rubiginosa	
	Felis rufa escuinapae	
	Felis temmincki	
	Felis tigrina	
	Felis wiedii	
	Felis yagouaroundi	
	Neofelis nebulosa	
	Panthera leo persica	
	Panthera onca	
	Panthera pardus	
	Panthera tigris	
	Panthera uncia	
PINNIPEDIA		
Otariidae		*Arctocephalus* spp.
	Arctocephalus townsendi	

	I	II
Phocidae		*Mirounga* spp.
	Monachus spp.	
TUBULIDENTATA		
Orycteropodidae		*Orycteropus afer*
PROBOSCIDEA		
Elephantidae	*Elephas maximus*	
	Loxodonta africa	
SIRENIA		
Dugongidae	*Dugong dugon*	*Dugong dugon*
Trichechidae	*Trichechus inunguis*	
	Trichechus manatus	
		Trichechus senegalensis
PERISSODACTYLA		
Equidae	*Equus africanus*	
	Equus grevyi	
		Equus hemionus
	Equus hemionus hemionus	
	Equus hemionus khur	
	Equus przewalskii	
		Equus zebra hartmannae
	Equus zebra zebra	
Tapiridae	Tapiridae spp.	
		Tapirus terrestris
Rhinocerotidae	Rhinocerotidae spp.	
ARTIODACTYLA		
Suidae	*Babyrousa babyrussa*	
	Sus salvanius	
Tayassuidae		Tayassuidae spp.
	Catagonus wagneri	
Hippopotamidae		*Choeropsis liberiensis*
Camelidae		*Lama guanicoe*
	Vicugna vicugna	*Vicugna vicugna*
Cervidae	*Blastocerus dichotomus*	
	Cervus dama mesopotamicus	
	Cervus duvauceli	
		Cervus elaphus bactrianus
	Cervus elaphus hanglu	
	Cervus eldi	
	Cervus porcinus annamiticus	
	Cervus porcinus calamianensis	
	Cervus porcinus kuhli	

	I	II
	Hippocamelus spp.	
	Moschus spp.	*Moschus spp.*
	Muntiacus crinifrons	
	Ozotoceros bezoarticus	
		Pudu mephistophiles
	Pudu pudu	
Bovidae	*Addax nasomaculatus*	
		Ammotragus lervia
		Antilocapra americana mexicana
	Antilocapra americana peninsularis	
	Antilocapra americana sonoriensis	
	Bison bison athabascae	
	Bos gaurus	
	Bos mutus	
	Bos sauveli	
	Bubalus depressicornis	
	Bubalus mindorensis	
	Bubalus quarlesi	
		Budorcas taxicolor
		Capra falconeri
	Capra falconeri chialtanensis	
	Capra falconeri jerdoni	
	Capra falconeri megaceros	
	Capricornis sumatraensis	
		Cephalophus dorsalis
	Cephalophus jentinki	
		Cephalophus monticola
		Cephalophus ogilbyi
		Cephalophus sylvicultor
		Cephalophus zebra
		Damaliscus dorcas dorcas
	Gazella dama	
		Hippotragus equinus
	Hippotragus niger variani	
		Kobus leche
	Nemorhaedus goral	
	Oryx dammah	
	Oryx leucoryx	
		Ovis ammon
	Ovis ammon hodgsoni	
		Ovis canadensis
	Ovis orientalis ophion	
	Ovis vignei	
	Pantholops hodgsoni	
	Rupicapra rupicapra ornata	

	I	II
AVES		
STRUTHIONIFORMES		
Struthionidae	*Struthio camelus*	
RHEIFORMES		
Rheidae	*Pterocnemia pennata*	
		Rhea americana albescens
TINAMIFORMES		
Tinamidae		*Rhynchotus rufescens maculicollis*
		Rhynchotus rufescens pallescens
		Rhynchotus rufescens rufescens
	Tinamus solitarius	
SPHENISCIFORMES		
Spheniscidae		*Spheniscus demersus*
	Spheniscus humboldti	
PODICIPEDIFORMES		
Podicipedidae	*Podilymbus gigas*	
PROCELLARIIFORMES		
Diomedeidae	*Diomedea albatrus*	
PELECANIFORMES		
Pelecanidae	*Pelecanus crispus*	
Sulidae	*Sula abbotti*	
Fregatidae	*Fregata andrewsi*	
CICONIIFORMES		
Balaenicipitidae		*Balaeniceps rex*
Ciconiidae	*Ciconia ciconia boyciana*	
		Ciconia nigra
	Jabiru mycteria	
	Mycteria cinerea	
Threskiornithidae		*Eudocimus ruber*
		Geronticus calvus
	Geronticus eremita	
	Nipponia nippon	
		Platalea leucorodia
Phoenicopteridae		Phoenicopteridae spp.
ANSERIFORMES		
Anatidae		*Anas aucklandica aucklandica*
		Anas aucklandica chlorotis
	Anas aucklandica nesiotis	
		Anas bernieri
	Anas laysanensis	
	Anas oustaleti	
	Branta canadensis leucopareia	
		Branta ruficollis

	I	II
	Branta sandvicensis	
	Cairina scutulata	
		Coscoroba coscoroba
		Cygnus columbianus jankowskii
		Cygnus melanocoryphus
		Dendrocygna arborea
		Oxyura leucocephala
	Rhodonessa caryophyllacea p.e.	
		Sarkidiornis melanotos
FALCONIFORMES		FALCONIFORMES spp.
Cathartidae	*Gymnogyps californianus*	
	Vultur gryphus	
Accipitridae	*Aquila heliaca*	
	Chondrohierax uncinatus wilsonii	
	Haliaeetus albicilla	
	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	
	Harpia harpyja	
	Pithecophaga jefferyi	
Falconidae	*Falco araea*	
	Falco jugger	
	Falco newtoni aldabranus	
	Falco peregrinus	
	Falco punctatus	
	Falco rusticolus	
GALLIFORMES		
Megapodiidae	*Macrocephalon maleo*	
Cracidae	*Aburria jacutinga*	
	Aburria pipile pipile	
	Crax blumenbachi	
	Crax mitu mitu	
	Oreophasis derbianus	
	Penelope albipennis	
Phasianidae		*Argusianus argus*
	Catreus wallichii	
	Colinus virginianus ridgwayi	
	Crossoptilon crossoptilon	
	Crossoptilon mantchuricum	
		Cyrtonyx montezumae mearnsi
		Cyrtonyx montezumae montezumae
		Gallus sonneratii
		Ithaginis cruentus
	Lophophorus spp.	
	Lophura edwardsi	
	Lophura imperialis	
	Lophura swinhoii	
		Pavo muticus

	I	II
Phasianidae (cont.)		*Polyplectron bicalcaratum*
	Polyplectron emphanum	
		Polyplectron germaini
		Polyplectron malacense
	Rheinartia ocellata	
	Syrmaticus ellioti	
	Syrmaticus humiae	
	Syrmaticus mikado	
	Tetraogallus caspius	
	Tetraogallus tibetanus	
	Tragopan blythii	
	Tragopan caboti	
	Tragopan melanocephalus	
	Tympanuchus cupido attwateri	
GRUIFORMES		
Turnicidae		*Turnix melanogaster*
Pedionomidae		*Pedionomus torquatus*
Gruidae		Gruidae spp.
	Grus americana	
	Grus canadensis nesiotes	
	Grus canadensis pulla	
	Grus japonensis	
	Grus leucogeranus	
	Grus monacha	
	Grus nigricollis	
	Grus vipio	
Rallidae		*Gallirallus australis hectori*
	Tricholimnas sylvestris	
Rhynochetidae	*Rhynochetos jubatus*	
Otididae		Otididae spp.
	Chlamydotis undulata	
	Choriotis nigriceps	
	Houbaropsis bengalensis	
CHARADRIIFORMES		
Scolopacidae	*Numenius borealis*	
	Numenius tenuirostris	
	Tringa guttifer	
Laridae	*Larus relictus*	
COLUMBIFORMES		
Columbidae	*Caloenas nicobarica*	
	Ducula mindorensis	
		Gallicolumba luzonica
		Goura spp.

	I	II
PSITTACIFORMES		PSITTACIFORMES spp.
Psittacidae	*Amazona arausiaca* *Amazona barbadensis* *Amazona brasiliensis* *Amazona dufresniana rhodocorytha* *Amazona guildingii* *Amazona imperialis* *Amazona leucocephala* *Amazona pretrei* *Amazona tucumana* *Amazona versicolor* *Amazona vinacea* *Amazona vittata* *Anodorhynchus* spp. *Ara ambigua* *Ara glaucogularis* *Ara macao* *Ara maracana* *Ara militaris* *Ara rubrogenys* *Aratinga guarouba* *Cacatua moluccensis* *Cyanopsitta spixii* *Cyanoramphus auriceps forbesi* *Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae* *Geopsittacus occidentalis* p.e. *Neophema chrysogaster* *Ognorhynchus icterotis* *Opopsitta diophthalma coxeni* *Pezoporus wallicus* *Pionopsitta pileata* *Probosciger aterrimus* *Psephotus chrysopterygius* *Psephotus pulcherrimus* p.e. *Psittacula echo* *Psittacus erithacus princeps* *Pyrrhura cruentata* *Rhynchopsitta* spp. *Strigops habroptilus*	
CUCULIRFORMES		
Musophagidae		*Tauraco corythaix* *Tauraco porphyreolophus*
STRIGIFORMES		STRIGIFORMES spp.
Tytonidae	*Tyto soumagnei*	
Strigidae	*Athene blewitti* *Ninox novaeseelandiae royana* *Ninox squamipila natalis* *Otus gurneys*	

	I	II
APODIFORMES		
Trochilidae		Trochilidae spp.
	Glaucis dohrnii	
TROGONIFORMES		
Trogonidae	*Pharomachrus mocinno*	
CORACIIFORMES		
Bucerotidae		*Aceros narcondami* *Buceros bicornis*
	Buceros bicornis homrai	
		Buceros hydrocorax hydrocorax *Buceros rhinoceros*
	Rhinoplax vigil	
PICIFORMES		
Picidae	*Campephilus imperialis* *Dryocopus javensis richardsi*	
PASSERIFORMES		
Cotingidae	*Cotinga maculata*	
		Rupicola spp.
	Xipholena atropurpurea	
Pittidae		*Pitta brachyura nympha* *Pitta guajana*
	Pitta gurneyi *Pitta kochi*	
Atrichornithidae	*Atrichornis clamosus*	
Hirundinidae	*Pseudochelidon sirintarae*	
Muscicapidae	*Dasyornis broadbenti litoralis* p.e. *Dasyornis longirostris*	
		Niltava ruecki
	Picathartes spp.	
Zosteropidae	*Zosterops albogularis*	
Meliphagidae	*Meliphaga cassidix*	
Emberizidae		*Gubernatrix cristata* *Paroaria capitata* *Paroaria coronata*
Fringillidae	*Carduelis cucullata*	
		Carduelis yarrelli
Estrildidae		*Poephila cincta cincta*
Sturnidae	*Leucopsar rothschildi*	
Paradisaeidae		Paradisaeidae spp.

	I	II
REPTILIA		
TESTUDINATA		
Dermatemydidae		*Dermatemys mawii*
Emydidae	*Batagur baska*	
		Clemmys muhlenbergi
	Geoclemys hamiltonii	
	Kachuga tecta tecta	
	Melanochelys tricarinata	
	Morenia ocellata	
	Terrapene coahuila	
Testudinidae		Testudinidae spp.
	Geochelone elephantopus	
	Geochelone radiata	
	Geochelone yniphora	
	Gopherus flavomarginatus	
	Psammobates geometricus	
Cheloniidae	Cheloniidae spp.	
Dermochelyidae	*Dermochelys coriacea*	
Trionychidae	*Lissemys punctata punctata*	
	Trionyx ater	
	Trionys gangeticus	
	Trionyx hurum	
	Trionyx nigricans	
Pelomedusidae		*Erymnochelys madagascariensis*
		Peltrocephalus dumeriliana
		Podocnemis spp.
Chelidae	*Pseudemydura umbrina*	
CROCODYLIA		CROCODYLIA spp.
Alligatoridae	*Alligator sinensis*	
	Caiman crocodilus apaporiensis	
	Caiman latirostris	
	Melanoscuchus niger	
Crocodylidae	*Crocodylus acutus*	
	Crocodylus cataphractus	
	Crocodylus intermedius	
	Crocodylus moreletii	
	Crocodylus niloticus	
	Crocodylus novaeguineae mindorensis	
	Crocodylus palustris	
	Crocodylus porosus	
	Crocodylus rhombifer	
	Crocodylus siamensis	
	Osteolaemus tetraspis	
	Tomistoma schlegelii	
Gavialidae	*Gavialis gangeticus*	

	I	II
RHYNCHOCEPHALIA		
Sphenodontidae	*Sphenodon punctatus*	
SAURIA		
Gekkonidae		*Cyrtodactylus serpensinsula* *Phelsuma* spp.
Agamidae		*Uromastyx* spp.
Chamaeleonidae		*Bradypodion* spp. *Chamaelio* spp.
Iguanidae		*Amblyrhynchus cristatus*
	Brachylophus spp.	
		Conolophus spp.
	Cyclura spp.	
		Iguana spp.
		Phrynosoma coronatum blainvillei
	Sauromalus varius	
Lacertidae	*Gallotia simonyi*	
		Podarcis lilfordi *Podarcis pityusensis*
Cordylidae		*Cordylus* spp. *Pseudocordylus* spp.
Teiidae		*Cnemidophorus hyperythrus* *Crocodilurus lacertinus* *Dracaena* spp. *Tupinambis* spp.
Xenosauridae		*Shinisaurus crocodilurus*
Helodermatidae		*Heloderma* spp.
Varanidae		*Varanus* spp.
	Varanus bengalensis *Varanus flavescens* *Varanus griseus* *Varanus komodoensis*	
SERPENTES		
Boidae		Boidae spp.
	Acrantophis spp. *Boa constrictor occidentalis* *Bolyeria multocarinata* *Casarea dussumieri* *Epicrates inornatus* *Epicrates monensis* *Epicrates subflavus* *Python molorus molurus* *Sanzinia madagascariensis*	

	I	II
Colubridae		*Clelia clelia*
		Cyclagras gigas
		Elachistodon westermanni
		Ptyas mucosus
Elapidae		*Hoplocephalus bungaroides*
		Naja naja
		Ophiophagus hannah
Viperidae	*Vipera ursinii*	
AMPHIBIA		
CAUDATA		
Ambystomidae		*Ambystoma dumerilii*
		Ambystoma mexicanum
Cryptobranchidae	*Andrias* spp.	
ANURA		
Bufonidae	*Atelopus varius zeteki*	
		Bufo retiformis
	Bufo superciliaris	
	Nectophrynoides spp.	
Myobatrachidae		*Rheobatrachus* spp.
Dendrobatidae		*Dendrobates* spp.
		Phyllobates spp.
Ranidae		*Rana hexadactyla*
		Rana tigerina
Microhylidae	*Dyscophus antongilii*	
PISCES		
CERATODIFORMES		
Ceratodidae		*Neoceratodus forsteri*
COELACANTHIFORMES		
Coelacanthidae	*Latimeria chalumnae*	
ACIPENSERIFORMES		
Acipenseridae	*Acipenser brevirostrum*	
		Acipenser oxyrhynchus
	Acipenser sturio	
OSTEOGLOSSIFORMES		
Osteoglossidae		*Arapaima gigas*
	Scleropages formosus	*scleropages formosus*
CYPRINIFORMES		
Cyprinidae		*Caecobarbus geertsi*
	Probarbus jullieni	

	I	II
Catostomidae	*Chasmistes cujus*	
SILURIFORMES		
Schilbeidae	*Pangasianodon gigas*	
ATHERINIFORMES		
Cyprinodontidae		*Cynolebias constanciae* *Cynolebias marmoratus* p.e. *Cynolebias minimus* *Cynolebias opalescens* p.e. *Cynolebias splendens*
PERCIFORMES		
Sciaenidae	*Cynoscion macdonaldi*	
INSECTA		
LEPIDOPTERA		
Papilionidae		*Bhutanitis* spp. *Ornithoptera* spp.
	Ornithoptera alexandrae *Papilio chikae* *Papilio homerus* *Papilio hospiton*	
		Parnassius apollo *Teinopalpus* spp. *Trogonoptera* spp. *Troides* spp.
ARACHNIDA		
ARANEAE		
Theraphosidae		*Brachypelma smithi*
ANNELIDA		
ARHYNCHOBDELLAE		
Hirudinidae		*Hirudo medicinalis*
MOLLUSCA		
VENEROIDA		
Tridacnidae		Tridacnidae spp.
UNIONOIDA		
Unionidae	*Conradilla caelata*	
		Cyprogenia aberti
	Dromus dromas *Epioblasma curtisi* *Epioblasma florentina* *Epioblasma sampsoni*	

	I	II
Unionidae (cont.)	*Epioblasma sulcata perobliqua* *Epioblasma torulosa gubernaculum*	
		Epioblasma torulosa rangiana
	Epioblasma torulosa torulosa *Epioblasma turgidula* *Epioblasma walkeri* *Fusconaia cuneolus* *Fusconaia edgariana*	
		Fusconaia subrotunda *Lampsilis brevicula*
	Lampsilis higginsi *Lampsilis orbiculata orbiculata* *Lampsilis satura* *Lampsilis virescens*	
		Lexingtonia dolabelloides
	Plethobasus cicatricosus *Plethobasus cooperianus*	
		Pleurobema clava
	Pleurobema plenum	
	Potamilus capax *Quadrula intermedia* *Quadrula sparsa* *Toxolasma cylindrella* *Unio nickliniana* *Unio tampicoensis tecomatensis* *Villosa trabalis*	
STYLOMMATOPHORA		
Achatinellidae	*Achatinella* spp.	
Camaenidae		*Papustyla pulcherrima*
Paryphantidae		*Paryphanta* spp.
ANTHOZOA		
ANTIPATHARIA		ANTIPATHARIA spp.
SCLERACTINIA		SCLERACTINIA spp.
HYDROZOA		
ATHECATA		
Milleporidae		Milleporidae spp.
Stylasteridae		Stylasteridae spp.
ALCYONARIA		
COENOTHECALIA		COENOTHECALIA spp.
STOLONIFERA		
Tubiporidae		Tubiporidae spp.

	I	II
F L O R A		
ABAVACEAE	*Agave arizonica*	
	Agave parviflora	
		Agave victoriae-reginae
	Nolina interrata	
AMARYLLIDACEAE		*Galanthus* spp.
		Sternbergia spp.
APOCYNACEAE		*Pachypodium* spp.
	Pachypodium baronii	
	Pachypodium brevicaule	
	Pachypodium decaryi	
	Pachypodium namaquanum	
		Rauvolfia serpentina
ARACEAE	*Alocasia sanderiana*	
ARALIACEAE		*Panax quinquefolius*
ARAUCARIACEAE	*Araucaria araucana*	*Araucaria araucana*
ASCLEPIADACEAE		*Ceropegia* spp.
		Frerea indica
BERBERIDACEAE		*Podophyllum hexandrum*
BYBLIDACEAE		*Byblis* spp.
CACTACEAE		*CACTACEAE* spp.
	Ancistrocactus tobuschii	
	Ariocarpus agavoides	
	Ariocarpus scaphorostrus	
	Ariocarpus trigonus	
	Astrophytum asterias	
	Aztekium ritteri	
	Backebergia militaris	
	Coryphantha minima	
	Coryphantha sneedii	
	Coryphantha werdermannii	
	Echinocereus ferreirianus var. *lindsayi*	
	Echinocereus schmollii	
	Echinomastus erectocentrus	
	Echinomastus mariposensis	
	Leuchtenbergia principis	
	Mammillaria pecntinifera	
	Mammillaria plumosa	
	Mammillaria solisioides	
	Nopalxochia macdougallii	
	Obregonia denegrii	
	Pediocactus bradyi	
	Pediocactus despainii	
	Pediocactus knowltonii	

	I	II
CACTACEAE (cont.)	*Pediocactus papyracanthus*	
	Pediocactus paradinei	
	Pediocactus peeblesianus	
	Pediocactus sileri	
	Pediocactus winkleri	
	Pelecyphora spp.	
	Sclerocactus glaucus	
	Sclerocactus mesae-verdae	
	Sclerocactus pubispinus	
	Sclerocactus wrightiae	
	Strombocactus disciformis	
	Turbinicarpus laui	
	Turbinicarpus lophophoroides	
	Turbinicarpus pseudomacrochele	
	Turbinicarpus pseudopectinatus	
	Turbinicarpus schmiedickeanus	
	Turbinicarpus valdezianus	
CARYOCARACEAE		*Caryocar costaricense*
CEPHALOTACEAE		*Cephalotus follicularis*
COMPOSITAE (ASTERACEAE)	*Saussurea costus*	
CRASSULACEAE	*Dudleya stolonifera*	
	Dudleya traskiae	
CUPRESSACEAE	*Fitz-Roya cupressoides*	
	Pilgerodendron uviferum	
CYATHEACEAE		CYATHEACEAE spp.
CYCADACEAE		CYCADACEAE spp.
	Cycas beddomei	
DIAPENSIACEAE		*Shortia galacifolia*
DICKSONIACEAE		DICKSONIACEAE spp.
DIDIEREACEAE		DIDIEREACEAE spp.
DIOSCOREACEAE		*Dioscorea deltoidea*
ERICACEAE		*Kalmia cuneata*
EUPHORBIACEAE		*Euphorbia* spp.
	Euphorbia ambovombensis	
	Euphorbia cylindrifolia	
	Euphorbia decaryi	
	Euphorbia francoisii	
	Euphorbia moratii	
	Euphorbia parvicyathophora	
	Euphorbia primulifolia	
	Euphorbia quartziticola	
	Euphorbia tulearensis	

	I	II
FAGACEAE		*Quercus copeyensis*
FOUQUIERIACEAE		*Fouquieria columnaris*
	Fouquieria fasciculata	
	Fouquieria purpusii	
HUMIRIACEAE		*Vantanea barbourii*
JUGLANDACEAE	*Oreomunnea pterocarpa*	
LEGUMINOSAE (FABACEAE)		*Cynometra hemitomophilia*
		Platymiscium pleiostachyum
		Tachigali versicolor
LILIACEAE		*Aloe* spp.
	Aloe albida	
	Aloe pillansii	
	Aloe polyphylla	
	Aloe thorncroftii	
	Aloe vossii	
MELIACEAE		*Swietenia humilis*
MORACEAE		*Batocarpus costaricensis*
NEPENTHACEAE		*Nepenthes* spp.
	Nepenthes khasiana	
	Nepenthes rajah	
ORCHIDACEAE		ORCHIDACEAE spp.
	Cattleya skinneri	
	Cattleya trianae	
	Didiciea cunninghamii	
	Laelia jongheana	
	Laelia lobata	
	Lycaste skinneri var. *alba*	
	Paphiopedilum spp.	
	Peristeria elata	
	Phragmipedium spp.	
	Renanthera imschootiana	
	Vanda coerulea	
PALMAE		*Areca ipot*
(ARECACEAE)		*Chrysalidocarpus decipiens*
		Neodypsis decaryi
PINACEAE	*Abies guatemalensis*	
PODOCARPACEAE	*Podocarpus parlatorei*	
PORTULACACEAE		*Anacampseros* spp.
		Lewisia cotyledon
		Lewisia maguirei
		Lewisia serrata
		Lewisia tweedyi

PRIMULACEAE		*Cyclamen* spp.
PROTEACEAE	*Orothamnus zeyheri* *Protea odorata*	
RUBIACEAE	*Balmea stormiae*	
SARRACENIACEAE		*Darlingtonia californica* *Sarracenia* spp.
	Sarracenia alabamensis alabamensis *Sarracenia jonesii* *Sarracenia oreophila*	
STANGERIACEAE	*Stangeria eriopus*	
THEACEAE		*Camellia chrysantha*
WELWITSCHIACEAE		*Welwitschia mirabilis*
ZAMIACEAE		ZAMIACEAE spp.
	Ceratozamia spp. *Chigua* spp. *Encephalartos* spp. *Microcycas calocoma*	
ZINGIBERACEAE	*Hedychium philippinense*	
ZYGOPHYLLACEAE		*Guaiacum sanctum.*

THIRD SCHEDULE

APPENDIX III

FAUNA		
MAMMALIA		
CHIROPTERA		
Phyllostomidae	*Vampyrops lineatus*	Uruguay
EDENTATA		
Myremcophagidae	*Tamadua tetradactyla*	Guatemala
Choloepidae	*Choloepus hoffmanni*	Costa Rica
Dasypodidae	*Cabassous centralis*	Costa Rica
	Cabassous tatouay	Uruguay
PHOLIDOTA		
Manidae	*Manis gigantea*	Ghana
	manis tetradactyla	Ghana
	Manis ticuspis	Ghana

RODENTIA		
Sciuridae	*Epixerus ebii*	Ghana
	Marmota caudata	India
	Marmota himalayana	India
	Sciurus deppei	Costa Rica
Anomaluridae	*Anomalurus beecrofti*	Ghana
	Anomalurus derbianus	Ghana
	Anomalurus peli	Ghana
	Idiurus macrotis	Ghana
Hysticidae	*Hystrix cristata*	Ghana
Erthizontidae	*Sphiggurus mexicanus*	Honduras
	Sphiggurus spinosus	Uruguay
Agoutidae	*Agouti paca*	Honduras
Dasyproctidae	*Dasyprocta punctata*	Honduras
CARNIVORA		
Canidaw	*Canis aureus*	India
	Vulpes bengalensis	India
	Vulpes vulpes griffithi	India
	Vulpes vulpes montana	India
	Vulpes vulpes pusilla	India
Procyonidae	*Bassaricyon gabbii*	Costa Rica
	Bassariscuc sumichrasti	Costa Rica
	Nasua nasua	Honduras
	Nasua nasua solitaria	Uruguay
	Potos flavus	Honduras
Mustelidae	*Eira barbara*	Honduras
	Galictis vittata	Costa Rica
	Martes flavigula	India
	Martes foina intermedia	India
	Mellivora capensis	Botswana, Ghana
	Mustela altaica	India
	Mustela erminea	India
	Mustela kathiah	India
	Mustela sibirica	India
Viverridae	*Arctictis binturong*	India
	Civettictis civetta	Botswana
	Puguma larvata	India
	Paradoxurus hermaphroditus	India
	Paradoxurus jerdoni	India
	Viverra megaspila	India
	Viverra zibetha	India
	Viverricula indica	India
Herpestidae	*Herpestes auropunctatus*	India
	Herpestes edwardsi	India
	Herpestes fuscus	India
	Herpestes smithii	India
	Herpestes urva	India
	Herpestes vitticollis	India
Protelidae	*Proteles cristatus*	Botswana

PINNIPEDIA		
Odobenidae	*Odobenus rosmarus*	Canada
ARTIODACTYLA		
Hippopotamidae	*Hippopotamus amphibius*	Ghana
Tragulidae	*Hyemoschus aquaticus*	Ghana
Cervidae	*Cervis elaphus barbarus*	Tunisia
	Mazama americana cerasina	Guatemala
	Odocoileus virginianus mayensis	Guatemala
Bovidae	*Antilope cervicapra*	Nepal
	Boocercus eurycerus	Ghana
	Bubalus arnee	Nepal
	Damaliscus lunatus	Ghana
	Gazella cuvieri	Tunisia
	Gazella dorcas	Tunisia
	Gazella leptoceros	Tunisia
	Tetracerus quadricornis	Nepal
	Tragelaphus spekei	Ghana
AVES		
RHEIFORMES		
Rheidae	*Rhea americana*	Uruguay
CICONIIFORMES		
Areidae	*Ardea goliath*	Ghana
	Bubulcus ibis	Ghana
	Casmerodius albus	Ghana
	Egretta garzetta	Ghana
Ciconiidae	*Ephippiorhynchus senegalensis*	Ghana
	Leptoptilos crumerniferus	Ghana
Threskiornithidae	*Hagedashia hagedash*	Ghana
	Lampribis rara	Ghana
	Threskornis aethiopicus	Ghana
ANSERIFORMES		
Anatidae	*Alopochen aegyptiacus*	Ghana
	Anas acuta	Ghana
	Anas capensis	Ghana
	Anas clypeata	Ghana
	Anas crecca	Ghana
	Anas penelope	Ghana
	Anas querquedula	Ghana
	Aythya nyroca	Ghana
	Cairina moschata	Honduras
	Dendrocygna autumnalis	Honduras
	Dendrocygna bicolor	Ghana, Honduras
	Dendrocygna viduata	Ghana
	Nettapus auritus	Ghana
	Plectropterus gambensis	Ghana
	Pteronetta hartlaubii	Ghana

FALCONIFORMES		
Catharidae	*Sarcoramphus papa*	Honduras
GALLIFORMES		
Cracidae	*Crax alberti*	Colombia
	Crax daubentoni	Colombia
	Crax globulosa	Colombia
	Crax pauxi	Colombia
	Crax rubra	Colombia, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras
	Ortalis vetula	Guatemala, Honduras
	Penelope purpurascens	Honduras
	Penelopina nigra	Guatemala
Phasianidae	*Agelstes melagrides*	Ghana
	Agriocharis ocellata	Guatemala
	Arborosphila brunneopectus	Malaysia
	Arborophila charltonii	Malaysia
	Caloperdix oculea	Malaysia
	Lophura erythrophthalma	Malaysia
	Lophura ignita	Malaysia
	Melanoperdix nigra	Malaysia
	Polyplectron inopinatum	Malaysia
	Rhizothera longirotris	Malaysia
	Rollulus rouloul	Malaysia
	Tragopan satyra	Nepal
CHARADRIIFORMES		
Burhinidae	*Burhinus bistiatus*	Guatemala
COLUMBIFORMES		
Columbidae	*Columba guinea*	Ghana
	Columba iriditorques	Ghana
	Columba livia	Ghana
	Columba unicincta	Ghana
	Nesoenas mayeri	Mauritius
	Oena capensis	Ghana
	Streptopelia decipiens	Ghana
	Streptopelia roseogrisea	Ghana
	Streptopelia semitorquata	Ghana
	Streptopelia senegalensis	Ghana
	Streptopelia turtur	Ghana
	Streptopelia vinaca	Ghana
	Treron calva	Ghana
	Treron waalia	Ghana
	Turtur abyssinicus	Ghana
	Turtur afer	Ghana
	Turtur brehmeri	Ghana
	Turtur tympanistria	Ghana

PSITTACIFORMES		
Psittacidae	*Psittacula krameri*	Ghana
CUCULIFORMES		
Musophagidae	*Corythaeola cristata*	Ghana
	Crinifer piscator	Ghana
	Musophaga violacea	Ghana
	Tauraco macrorhynchus	Ghana
PICIFORMES		
Capitonidae	*Semornis ramphastinus*	Colombia
Ramphastidea	*Ramphastos sulfuratus*	Guatemala
PASSERIFORMES		
Cotingidae	*Cephalopterus ornatus*	Colombia
	Cephalopterus penduliger	Colombia
Muscicapidae	*Bebrornis rodericanus*	Mauritius
	Tchitrea bourbonnensis	Mauritius
Icteridae	*Xanthopsar flavus*	Uruguay
Fringillidae	*Serinus gularis*	Ghana
	Serinus leucopygius	Ghana
	Serinus mozambicus	Ghana
Estrildidae	*Amadina fasciata*	Ghana
	Amandava subflava	Ghana
	Estrilda astrild	Ghana
	Estrilda caerulescens	Ghana
	Estrilda melpoda	Ghana
	Estrilda troglodytes	Ghana
	Lagonosticata larvata	Ghana
	Lagonosticta rara	Ghana
	Lagonosticta rubricata	Ghana
	Lagonosticta rufopicta	Ghana
	Lagonosticta senegala	Ghana
	Lonchura bicolor	Ghana
	Lonchura cucullata	Ghana
	Lonchura fringilloides	Ghana
	Lonchura malabarica	Ghana
	Mandingoa nitidula	Ghana
	Nesocharis capistrata	Ghana
	Nigrita bicolor	Ghana
	Nigrita canicapilla	Ghana
	Nigrita fusconota	Ghana
	Nigrita luteifrons	Ghana
	Ortygospiza atricollis	Ghana
	Parmoptila woodhousei	Ghana
	Pholidornis rushiae	Ghana
	Pyrenestes ostrinus	Ghana
	Pytilia hypogrammica	Ghana
	Pytilia phoenicoptera	Ghana
	Spermaphaga haematina	Ghana
	Uraeginthus begalus	Ghana

Ploceidae	*Amblyospiza albifrons*	Ghana
	Anomalospiza imberbis	Ghana
	Bubalnornis albitostrics	Ghana
	Euplectes afer	Ghana
	Euplectes ardens	Ghana
	Euplectes hordaeceus	Ghana
	Euplectes macrourus	Ghana
	Euplectes orix	Ghana
	Malimbus cassini	Ghana
	Malimbus malimbicus	Ghana
	Malimbus nitens	Ghana
	Malimbus rubricerps	Ghana
	Malimbus rubricollos	Ghana
	Malimbus scutatus	Ghana
	Passer griseus	Ghana
	Petronia dentata	Ghana
	Plocepasser superciliosus	Ghana
	Ploceus albinucha	Ghana
	Ploceus aurantius	Ghana
	Ploceus cucullatus	Ghana
	Ploceus heuglini	Ghana
	Ploceus luteolus	Ghana
	Ploceus melanocephalus	Ghana
	Ploceus nigerrimus	Ghana
	Ploceus nigricollis	Ghana
	Ploceus pelzelni	Ghana
	Ploceus preussi	Ghana
	Ploceus superciliosus	Ghana
	Ploceus tricolor	Ghana
	Ploceus velatus	Ghana
	Quelea erythrops	Ghana
	Sopropipes frontalis	Ghana
	Vidua chalybeata	Ghana
	Vidua interjecta	Ghana
	Vidua larvaticola	Ghana
	Vidua macroura	Ghana
	Vidua paradisaea	Ghana
	Vidua raricola	Ghana
	Vidua togoensis	Ghana
	Vidua wilsoni	Ghana

REPTILIA

TESTUDINATA

Trionychidae	*Trionyx triuguis*	Ghana
Pelomedusidae	*Pelomedusa subrufa*	Ghana
	Pelusios adansonii	Ghana
	Pelusios castaneus	Ghana
	Pelusios gabonensis	Ghana
	Pelusios niger	Ghana

SERPENTES

Colubridae	*Atretium schistosum*	India
	Cerberus rhycchops	India
	Xenochrophis piscator	India

Elapidae	*Micrurus diastema*	Honduras
	Micrurus nigrocinctus	Honduras
Viperidae	*Agkistrodon bilineatus*	Honduras
	Bothrops asper	Honduras
	Bothrops nasutus	Honduras
	Bothrops nummifer	Honduras
	Bothrops ophryomegas	Honduras
	Bothrops schlegelii	Honduras
	Crotalus durissus	Honduras
	Vipera russellii	India
FLORA		
GNETACEAE	*Gnetum montanum*	Nepal
MAGNOLIACEAE	*Talauma hodgsonii*	Nepal
PAPAVERACEAE	*Meconopsis regia*	Nepal
PODOCARPACEAE	*Podocarpus neriifolius*	Nepal
TETRACENTRACEAE	*Tetracentron sinense*	Nepal

Ippubblikat mid-Dipartiment ta' l-Informazzjoni – Kastilja — Published by the Department of Information – Kastilja
Mitbugh fl-Istamperija tal-Gvern — *Printed at the Government Printing Press*

Prezz 14c — *Price 14c*