L.N. 257 of 2004

VETERINARY SERVICES ACT
(ACT NO. XXIII of 2001)

Mutual Recognition of Qualifications of Veterinary Surgeons Regulations, 2004

IN exercise of the powers conferred by article 45A of the Veterinary Services Act, the Minister for Rural Affairs and the Environment has made the following regulations:-

Citation and commencement

1. (1) These regulations may be cited as the Mutual Recognition of Qualifications of Veterinary Surgeons Regulations, 2004.

(2) These regulations shall come into force on such date or dates as the Minister responsible for Veterinary Services may by notice in the Government Gazette appoint, and different dates may be so appointed for different purposes and different provisions of these regulations.

Interpretation

2. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires –

(i) “the Act” means the Veterinary Services Act;

(ii) “applicant” means any person from a Member State applying to the Council for authorisation to practise the profession in Malta;

(iii) “application” means a request submitted by an applicant to practise the profession in Malta;

(iv) "competent authority", in relation to -

(a) any document, certificate, diploma or qualification, or attestation of competence; or

(b) a period of professional experience,

means the authority, body or person in a Member State authorised under the legislation or established practice of that State to issue, award or recognise such document, certificate, diploma or qualification, or attestation of competence, or to certify any such period of professional experience;

(v) "diploma" includes a degree;

(vi) “EEA” means the European Economic Area;

(vii) "European Union" means the European Union referred to in the Treaty;

(viii) "Member State" means a State which is a member of the European Union;

(ix) “Nationals” means nationals of Member States of the European Community and also includes nationals of EEA States and Switzerland;

(x) “Qualifications” means qualifications obtained in Member States, as well as those obtained in States which are part of the EEA and Switzerland;

(xi) "the Treaty" has the same meaning as is assigned to it in article 2 of the European Union Act, 2003.

(xii) “the Council” means the Veterinary Surgeons Council as established under article 39 of the Veterinary Services Act.

Recognition of formal qualifications fulfilling regulation 4 and Acquired Rights.

3. (1) The Council shall recognise the diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications awarded to citizens of Member States by a competent authority in accordance with regulation 4 and as listed in Schedule I, by giving such qualifications, as regards the right to take up and pursue the activities of a veterinary surgeon, the same effect in Malta as those awarded by the Council itself.

Where a diploma, certificate or other evidence of formal qualifications, namely the State examination certificate in Veterinary medicine awarded by the competent authority on the basis of the findings of the Competent State examining board, was issued before the implementation of European Union Council Directive 78/1027/EEC in the Member State in question, the said required qualifications shall be accompanied by a certificate from the authorities concerned in the issuing country. This shall state that it complies with article 1 of European Union Council Directive 78/1027/EEC.

(2) In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications do not satisfy all the minimum training requirements laid down in article 1 of European Union Council Directive 78/1027/EEC, in the Member State in question, each Member State shall recognise, as being sufficient proof, the diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine awarded by those Member States before the implementation of European Union Council Directive 78/1027/EEC, accompanied by a certificate stating that those nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activities in question for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

(3) Veterinary diplomas which are awarded to nationals of Member States by Member States and which do not satisfy all the minimum training requirements laid down in Article 1 of European Union Council Directive 78/1027/EEC shall be treated as diplomas satisfying these requirements if -

(a) there is evidence of training which was completed before the implementation of the said Directive -

(i) For Belgium, Denmark, Germany, France, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands and the United Kingdom: 21st December 1980;
(ii) For Greece: 1st January 1981;
(iii) For Italy: 1st January 1985;
(iv) For Spain and Portugal: 1st January 1986;
(v) For Austria, Finland, Sweden, Norway and Iceland: 1st January 1994;
(vi) For Liechtenstein: 1st May 1995;
(vii) For Switzerland: 1st June 2002;
(viii) For the Czech Republic, Estonia, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Hungary, Poland, Slovakia and Slovenia: 1st of May 2004.

(b) or, there is evidence of training which was completed after but which was commenced before the implementation of the said Directive and, in each case, if -

(i) they are accompanied by a certificate stating that their holders have been effectively and lawfully engaged in the activities in question in a Member State for at least 3 consecutive years during the 5 years preceding the award of the certificate.

(c) The Veterinary Services shall examine the other cases of nationals whose Veterinary diplomas attest to training received on the territory of particular States in particular time or before this State becomes Member State.

(d) In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in former Czechoslovakia before 1st January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those veterinary diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications as being sufficient proof when the authorities of the Czech Republic attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, and the same legal validity as Czech qualifications in veterinary medicine as regard access to the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member States' nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of the Czech Republic for at least 3 consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

(e) In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before the 20th August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those Veterinary diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications as being sufficient proof when the authorities of the Republic of Estonia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Estonian qualifications in the veterinary medicine as regards access to the

veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member States nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of the Republic of Estonia for at least 5 consecutive years during the 7 years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

(f) In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before the 21st August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those Veterinary diplomas, certificate and other evidence of formal qualifications as being sufficient proof when the authorities of the Latvia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Latvian qualifications in veterinary medicine as regards access to the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member States nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Latvia for at least 3 consecutive years during the 5 years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

(g) In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in the former Soviet Union before 11th March 1990, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of the Lithuania attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Lithuanian qualifications in veterinary medicine as regards access to the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member States' nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Lithuania for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

(h) In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before the 1st January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovakia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovak qualifications in the veterinary medicine as regards access in the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member States' nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovakia for at least

three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

(i) In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the Yugoslavia before the 25th June 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovenia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovenian qualifications in the veterinary medicine as regards access in the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member States' nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovenia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

Requirements for recognition

4. (1) The Council shall require persons wishing to take up and pursue the profession of veterinary surgeon to hold a diploma, certificate or other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as listed in the First Schedule, which guarantees that during his complete training period the applicant has acquired -

(a) adequate knowledge of the sciences on which the activities of the veterinary surgeon are based;

(b) adequate knowledge of the structure and functions of healthy animals, of their husbandry, reproduction and hygiene in general, as well as their feeding, including the technology involved in the manufacture and preservation of foods corresponding to their needs;

(c) adequate knowledge of the behaviour and protection of animals;

(d) adequate knowledge of the causes, nature, course, effects, diagnosis and treatment of the diseases of animals, whether considered individually or in groups, including a special knowledge of the diseases which may be transmitted to humans;

(e) adequate knowledge of preventive medicine;

(f) adequate knowledge of the hygiene and technology involved in the production, manufacture and putting into circulation of animal foodstuffs or foodstuffs of animal origin intended for human consumption;

(g) adequate knowledge of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the subjects listed above; and

(h) adequate clinical and other practical experience under appropriate supervision.

(2) Veterinary training of this kind shall comprise in all at least five years' theoretical and practical full-time instruction given in a university, a higher education institution recognised as having equivalent status, or under the supervision of a university, and shall include at least the subjects listed in Schedule II.

(3) In order to be accepted for this training, the candidate shall have a diploma or a certificate which entitles him to be admitted to the universities or higher education institutions recognised as having the equivalent status of a Member State for the course of study concerned.

(4) Nothing in these regulations shall prejudice any facility which may be granted in accordance with Maltese law, regulations or administrative provisions to authorise holders of diplomas, certificates or other evidence of formal qualifications which have not been obtained in a Member State to take up and pursue the activities of a veterinary surgeon in Malta.

(5) In pursuance of these regulations, the Council shall automatically recognise qualifications awarded in the States listed in Schedule I including all European Union Member States and EEA States and Switzerland. Moreover, qualifications from third country states which are deemed equivalent to those awarded in Malta or in the States listed under Schedule I, may also be recognised after verification by the Council.

Recognition of formal qualifications not conforming with qualifications as may be specified by the Minister.

5. In the case of citizens of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications as veterinary surgeon do not conform with the qualifications or designations as listed in Schedule I, the Council shall recognise as being sufficient proof the diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications awarded by those Member States, accompanied by a certificate issued by the competent authority. The certificate shall certify that the diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications as veterinary surgeon were awarded following training in accordance with regulation 4, and are treated by the Member State which awarded them as equivalent to those as listed in Schedule I.

Use of academic title

6. (1) Without prejudice to regulation 14, the Council shall ensure that the citizens of Member States who fulfil the conditions laid down in regulations 3 and 5 have the right to use the lawful academic title or, where appropriate, the abbreviation thereof, of their Member State of origin or of the Member State from which they come, in the language of that State. The Council may require this title to be followed by the name and location of the establishment or examining board which awarded it.

(2) If the academic title used in the Member State of origin, or in the Member State from which an applicant comes, can be confused in Malta with a title requiring additional training which the applicant has not undergone, the Council may require

such person to use the title employed in the Member State of origin or the Member State from which he comes in suitable wording to be indicated by the Council.

Proof of good character

7. (1) Whereas in accordance with article 43(3)(d) of the Act, the Council requires of persons applying proof of good character when they take up for the first time the activities of veterinary surgeons, it shall accept as sufficient evidence, in respect of citizens of Member States, a certificate issued by a competent judicial or administrative authority in the Member State of origin or in the Member State from which the applicant comes, attesting that the requirements of the Member State as to good character for taking up the activities in question have been met.

(2) Where the Member State of origin or the Member State from which the applicant comes does not require proof of good character of persons wishing to take up the activities in question for the first time, the Council may require of citizens of the Member State of origin or of the Member State from which the applicant comes, an extract from the 'judicial record' or, failing this, an equivalent document issued by a competent judicial or administrative authority in the Member State of origin or the Member State from which the applicant comes.

(3) If the Council has detailed knowledge of a serious matter which has occurred abroad and which is likely to affect the taking up in Malta of the activities concerned, it may inform the Member State of origin or the Member State from which the applicant comes.

(4) The Member State of origin or the Member State from which the applicant comes shall verify the accuracy of the facts. The counterpart bodies in that State shall themselves decide on the nature and extent of the investigation to be made and shall inform the Council of any consequential action which they take with regard to the certificates or documents they have issued.

(5) The Council shall ensure the confidentiality of the information which is forwarded.

Disciplinary action

8. (1) Where there are cases of serious professional misconduct or conviction for criminal offences, the Member State of origin or the Member State from which the applicant comes shall forward to the Council all necessary information regarding measures or disciplinary action of a professional or administrative nature taken in respect of the applicant or any criminal penalties imposed on him when pursuing his profession in the Member State of origin or in the Member State from which he came.

(2) If the Council has detailed knowledge of a serious matter which has occurred in a country other than Malta and which is likely to affect the pursuit of the activities concerned in Malta, it shall inform the Member State of origin or the Member State from which the applicant comes.

(3) The Member State of origin or the Member State from which the applicant comes shall verify the accuracy of the facts. The counterpart bodies in that State shall themselves decide on the nature and extent of the investigation to be made and shall

inform the Council of any consequential action which they take with regard to the information they have forwarded in accordance with sub-regulation (1).

(4) The Council shall ensure the confidentiality of the information forwarded.

(5) An applicant shall be subject to disciplinary action as a result of any error that he commits in his diagnosis and, or, treatment in Malta.

State of good physical and mental health

9. (1) Whereas in accordance with paragraph (3)(e) of article 43 of the Act, the Council requires a person applying for a warrant to be in a state of good physical and mental health, the Council shall accept as sufficient evidence thereof the presentation of the document required in the Member State of origin or the Member State from which the applicant comes.

(2) Where the Member State of origin or the Member State from which the applicant comes does not impose any requirements of this nature on those wishing to take up or pursue the activities of veterinary surgeons, the Council shall accept from such applicant a certificate issued by a competent medical authority in that State corresponding to the certificates issued in Malta.

Time limit for presentation of documents

10. Documents issued in accordance with regulations 7, 8 and 9 may not be presented later than three months after their date of issue.

Decisions with regard to regulations 7, 8 and 9

11. (1) The procedure for authorising the applicant to take up the activities of veterinary surgeons, in accordance with regulations 7, 8 and 9 must be completed as soon as possible and not later than three months after presentation of all the documents relating to such person, without prejudice to delays resulting from any appeal that may be made upon termination of this procedure.

(2) In the cases referred to in regulation 7 (3) and (4) and regulation 8 (2) and (3), a request for re-examination shall suspend the period laid down in sub-regulation (1).

(3) The Member State consulted shall give its reply within a period of three months. If it does not, the Council may take action in consequence of its detailed knowledge of the serious matter involved.

(4) On receipt of the reply or at the end of the period, the Council shall continue with the procedure referred to in sub-regulation (1).

Decisions of the Council

12. (1) The Council shall also examine diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of veterinary surgery obtained by the applicant outside any Member State, in cases where those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications have been recognised in a Member State, as well as of training undergone and, or, professional experience.

(2) The Council shall give its decision within three months of the date on which the applicant submits his application together with full supporting documentation.

(3) Where the application is rejected, the Council shall duly give the reasons for its decision.

(4) Applicants shall have a right of appeal before the Mutual Recognition of Qualifications Appeals Board set up under article 7 of the Mutual Recognition of Qualifications Act, 2002.

Provision of transitory services

13. (1) The applicant shall provide transitory services in the field of veterinary surgery, with the same rights and obligations as veterinary surgeons exercising their profession in Malta; in particular he shall be subject to the rules of conduct of a professional or administrative nature which apply in Malta.

(2) Where the Council adopts a measure pursuant to sub-regulations (3) and (4) or becomes aware of facts which run counter to these provisions, it shall forthwith inform the counterpart body in the Member State where the applicant is established.

(3) The Council may require the applicant to make a prior declaration concerning the provision of his services where they involve a temporary stay in Malta. The Council may in all cases require a veterinary surgeon established in another Member State to supply a prior declaration of provision of services in the form of a prescription or of veterinary certificates not involving the examination of animals.

(4) The Council requiring such prior declaration shall take the steps necessary to provide the possibility that the declaration is made, where appropriate, for a series of services provided within one and the same region and in respect of one or more recipients within a given period of not more than one year.

Provided that in urgent cases, this declaration may be made as soon as possible after the services have been provided.

(5) Pursuant to the provisions of this regulation, the Council may require the applicant to supply one or more documents containing the following particulars -

(a) the declaration referred to in sub-regulation (3);

(b) a certificate stating that the applicant is lawfully pursuing the activities in question in the Member State where he is established;

(c) a certificate that the applicant holds one or other of the diplomas, certificates or other evidence of formal qualification appropriate for the provision of the services in question and referred to in these regulations.

(6) The documents specified in sub-regulation (5) may not be produced later than 12 months after their date of issue.

(7) Where the Council temporarily or permanently deprives, in whole or in part, a Maltese citizen or a citizen of a Member State established in Malta of the right to pursue one of the activities of veterinary surgeons, it shall, as appropriate, ensure the temporary or permanent withdrawal of the certificate referred to in paragraph (5)(b).

Use of Professional Title

14. Citizens of Member States who fulfil the conditions laid down in regulations 3 and 5 shall use the professional title in Malta and the abbreviated form thereof.

Information to applicants

15. (1) The Council shall take the necessary measures to enable any applicants to obtain information on veterinary legislation and on professional ethics existing in Malta.

(2) Applicants may obtain the necessary information from the Malta Qualifications Recognition Information Centre has been established under article 6 of the Mutual Recognition of Qualifications Act, 2002. In the case of establishment in Malta, the Council may require the applicants to contact this Centre.

(3) The Council shall ensure that, where appropriate, the applicants acquire, in their own interest and in that of their clients, the linguistic knowledge necessary for the pursuit of their profession in Malta.

Authenticity of evidence of formal qualifications

16. Where legitimate doubt exists, the Council may require of the competent authorities of a Member State confirmation of the authenticity of the diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications awarded in that Member State and referred to in regulation 3 and as listed in Schedule I, and also confirmation of the fact that the applicant has fulfilled all the training requirements laid down in regulation 4.

Transitional measure

17. (1) Upon the transitional measures given to Italy under article 1(5) of European Union Council Directive 78/1027/EEC, each host Member State shall be authorised to require of holders of diplomas, certificates or other evidence of formal qualifications as veterinary surgeon awarded by Italy following training commenced before 1st January 1985 that their diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications be accompanied by a certificate stating that they have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activities of veterinary surgeon for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of the issue of the certificate, unless the said diploma, certificate or other evidence of formal qualifications is accompanied by a certificate issued by the competent Italian authorities stating that it attests to training in full compliance with the provisions of article 1(5) of European Union Council Directive 78/1027/EEC and the Annex to the said Directive.

(2) In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, Estonia before the date of accession, Member States shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof if accompanied by a certificate stating that those Member States' nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in Estonia for at least 5 consecutive years during the seven years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

SCHEDULE I
(Regulation 3)

Titles of diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary surgery

Country	Title of qualification	Competent Authority	Certificate accompanying qualification
Belgique / België / Belgien	- Diploma van dierenarts - Diplôme de docteur en médecine vétérinaire	- De universiteiten / les universités - De bevoegde Examencommissie van de Vlaamse Gemeenschap/le Jury compétent d'enseignement de la Communauté française	
"Česká republika	1. Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu veterinární lékařství (doktor veterinární medicíny, MVDr.) 2. Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu veterinární hygiena a ekologie (doktor veterinární medicíny, MVDr.)	Veterinární fakulta univerzity v České republice"	
Danmark	Bevis for bestået kandidateksamen i veterinærvidenskab	Kongelige Veterinær- og Landbohøjskole	

Deutschland[1]	Zeugnis über das Ergebnis des Dritten Abscnitts der Tierärztlichen Prüfung und das Gesamtergebnis der Tierärztlichen Prüfung	Der Vorsitzende des Prüfungsausschusses für die Tierärztliche Prüfung einer Universität oder Hochschule	
España	Titulo de Licenciado en Veterinaria	Ministerio de Educación y Cultura / El rector de una Universidad	

"Eesti	Diplom: täitnud veterinaarmeditsiini õppekava	Eesti Põllumajandusülikool"	

France	Diplôme d'Etat de docteur vétérinaire		
Greece	(see Greek text)	(see Greek text)	
Iceland	The Diplomas, certificates and other titles awarded in another State to which this regulation applies and listed in the		

[1] In the case of citizens of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications as veterinary surgeons attest to training received in the territory of the former German Democratic Republic which does not satisfy all the minimum training requirements laid down in regulation 4, the Council shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications, as being sufficient proof if:

- they attest to training commenced before German unification on the 3rd October 1990;

- they entitle the holder to pursue the activities of a veterinary surgeon throughout the territory of Germany under the same conditions as the qualifications awarded by the competent German authorities and referred to in this Schedule; and

- they are accompanied by a certificate issued by the competent German authorities stating that those citizens have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activities in question in Germany for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

	present Schedule, accompanied by a certificate on the completed practical training issued by the competent authority.		
Ireland	1. Diploma of Bachelor in/of Veterinary Medicine (MVB) 2. Diploma of Membership of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons (MRCVS)		
Italia	Diploma di laurea in medicina veterinaria	Universita'	Diploma di abilitazione all'esercizio della medicina veterinaria

"Κύπρος	Πιστοποιητικό Εγγραφής Κτηνιάτρου	Κτηνιατρικό Συμβούλιο	
Latvija	Veterinārā rsta diploms	Latvijas Lauksaimniecības Universitāte	
Lietuva	Aukštojo mokslo diplomas (veterinarijos gydytojo (DVM))	Lietuvos Veterinarijos Akademija"	

Liechtenstein	The Diplomas, certificates and other titles awarded in another State to which Regulation applies and listed in the present Schedule, accompanied by a certificate on the completed practical training issued by the competent authorities		
Luxembourg	Diplôme d'Etat de docteur en médecine vétérinaire	Jury d'examen d'Etat	
Magyarorszag	Allatorvos doktor oklevel – dr. med.vet.	Szent Istvan Egyetem Allatorvos-tudomanyi Kar	
Malta	Licenzja ta' Kirurgu Veterinarju	Kunsill tal-Kirurgi Veterinarji	
Nederland	Getuigschrift van met goed gevolg afgelegd diergeneeskundig / veeartsenijkundig examen		
Norway	Eksamensbevis utstedt av Norges veterinaerhogskole for bestatt veterinaemedisinsk embetseksamen (diploma of degree cand. med. vet.)	Norwegian College of Veterinary Medicine	
Österreich	1. Diplom-Tierarzt 2. Magister medicinae veterinariae	Universität	- Doktor der Veterinärmedizin - Doctor medicinae veterinariae - Fachtierarzt
Portugal	Carta de curso de licenciatura em medicina veterinária	Universidade	
Polska	Dyplom lekarza weterynarni	1. Szkola Glowna Gospoddarstwa Wiejskiego w	

		Warszawie 2. Akademia Rolnicza we Wroclawiu 3. Akademia Rolnicza w Lublinie 4. Uniwersytet Warminsko-Mazurski w Olsztynie	
Slovenija	Diploma s katero se podeljuje strokovni naslov “doktor veterinarske medicine/doktorica veterinarske medicine	Univerza	Spricevalo o opravljenem drzavnem izpitu s podrocja veterinarstva
Slovensko	Vysokoskolsky diplom o udeneleni akademickeho titulu “doktor veterinarskej mediciny” (“MVDr.”)	Univerzita veterinarskeho lekarstva”	
Suomi / Finland	Eläinlääketieteen lisensiaatin tutkinto / veterinärmedicine licentiatexamen	Helsingin yliopisto / Helsingfors universitet	
Sverige	Veterinärexamen	Sveriges Landbruksuniversitet	
Switzerland	Titulaire du Diplome Federal de Veterinaire/ Eidgenissisch Diplomierter Tierarzt/ Titolare di Diploma Federale di Veterinario	Departement Federal de l’Intererieur	
United Kingdom	1. Bachelor of Veterinary Science (BVSc) 2. Bachelor of Veterinary Science (BVSc) 3. Bachelor of Veterinary Medicine (BvetMB)	1. University of Bristol 2. University of Liverpool 3. University of Cambridge 4. University of Edinburgh 5. University of Glasgow	

	4. Bachelor of Veterinary Medicine and Surgery (BVM&S) 5. Bachelor of Veterinary Medicine and Surgery (BVM&S) 6. Bachelor of Veterinary Medicine (BvetMed)	6. University of London	

SCHEDULE II
(Regulation 4(2))

Minimum Core Subjects

The programme of studies leading to the diploma, certificate or other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine shall include at least the subjects listed below. Instruction in one or more of these subjects may be given as part of, or in association with, other courses.

A. Basic subjects

- Physics
- Chemistry
- Animal biology
- Plant biology
- Biomathematics

B. Specific subjects

Group 1: Basic sciences

- Anatomy (including histology and embryology)
- Physiology
- Bio-chemistry
- Genetics
- Pharmacology
- Pharmacy
- Toxicology
- Microbiology
- Immunology
- Epidemiology
- Professional ethics

Group 2: Clinical sciences

- Obstetrics
- Pathology (including pathological anatomy)
- Parasitology
- Clinical medicine and surgery (including anaesthetics)
- Clinical lectures on the various domestic animals, poultry and other animal species
- Preventive medicine
- Radiology
- Reproduction and reproductive disorders
- Veterinary state medicine and public health
- Veterinary legislation and forensic medicine
- Therapeutics
- Propaedeutics

Group 3: Animal production

- Animal production
- Animal nutrition
- Agronomy
- Rural economics
- Animal husbandry
- Veterinary hygiene
- Animal ethology and protection

Group 4: Food hygiene

- Inspection and control of animal foodstuffs or foodstuffs of animal origin
- Food hygiene and technology
- Practical work (including practical work in places where slaughtering and processing of foodstuffs takes place).

Practical training may be in the form of a training period, provided that such training is full-time and under the direct control of the competent authority, and does not exceed six months within the aggregate training period of five years study.

The distribution of the theoretical and practical training among the various groups of subjects shall be balanced and co-ordinated in such a way that the knowledge and experience listed in regulation 4 may be acquired in a manner which will adequately enable veterinary surgeons to perform all their various duties.

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