

SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION 549.136

CONSERVATION OF WILD BIRDS (DECLARATION ON A DEROGATION FOR AN AUTUMN 2020 LIVE- CAPTURING SEASON FOR SONG THRUSH AND GOLDEN PLOVER) REGULATIONS

25th September, 2020

LEGAL NOTICE 376 of 2020.

1. (1) The title of these regulations is Conservation of Wild Birds (Declaration on a Derogation for an Autumn 2020 Live-capturing Season for Song Thrush and Golden Plover) Regulations. Citation and scope.

(2) For the purpose of these regulations and within the meaning of Article 9 of the Birds Directive, given that, in Malta, Golden Plovers and Song Thrushes neither breed in the wild nor in captivity, the Minister is hereby ascertaining the absence of another satisfactory solution for the acquisition of live specimens of these two (2) species other than by means of live-capturing using clap-nets, in small numbers, and insofar as it is absolutely necessary to replenish the limited stock of these live-birds in captivity for use as live-decoys during open hunting seasons.

(3) For the purpose of these regulations and within the meaning of Article 9 of the Birds Directive, the Minister took into consideration the favourable conservation status of the Golden Plover and Song Thrush at both the European ('Stable' and 'Moderate Increase' respectively) and EU levels ('Secure'), and also took into consideration their IUCN classification as 'Least Concern'*.

2. The terms and expressions used in these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, shall have the same meaning as given to them in the Conservation of Wild Birds Regulations, hereinafter referred to as the "the Wild Birds Regulations", and in the Conservation of Wild Birds (Framework for Allowing a Derogation Opening an Autumn Live-Capturing Season for Song Thrush and Golden Plover) Regulations. Interpretation.
S.L. 549.42.
S.L. 549.74.

* The July 2020 report on the conservation status of the Golden Plover (*Pluvialis apricaria altifrons*) and Song Thrush (*Turdus philomelos*), which was presented to the Malta Ornithological Committee on 29 July 2020, is available at: <https://environment.gov.mt/en/Document%20Repository/WBRU/2020/otherReports/consStaJul20GpSt.pdf>

Determination of
reference
population and
small numbers.

3. For the purpose of these regulations, the Golden Plover and Song Thrush are classified as non-breeding passage migrants in Malta that qualify as huntable species under the Birds Directive (MT: Annex IIB). In this context, the "small numbers" requirement within the meaning of Article 9(1)(c) of the Birds Directive shall be understood as "a sample in the order of 1% of the total annual mortality of the population in question". For the purpose of these regulations, "population in question" shall be understood, with regard to these migratory species, as the population of those regions within the territory of the European Union from which come the main contingents passing through the region to which the derogation applies during its period of application, namely Finland and Sweden for the Golden Plover (Wetlands International, 2009) and Romania, Bulgaria and Hungary for the Song Thrush (Cramp *et al*, 1988; Spina & Volponi, 2008), as detailed in the report on the conservation status of the these two (2) species, which was presented to and endorsed by the Malta Ornithology Committee in July 2020.

Calculation of 1%
of the total annual
mortality of the
reference
population.

4. The 1% of the total annual mortality of Malta's reference population of Golden Plover and Song Thrush shall be calculated as follows:

Golden Plover (*Pluvialis apricaria altifrons*)

Minimum breeding success: 3.64 birds per pair: $(203,000 \times 3.64) = 738,920$

Mortality rate of 1st year birds: $(738,920 \times 53.33\%) = 394,066$

Mortality rate of adults: $(406,000 \times 27\%) = 109,620$

Total annual mortality: $(394,066 + 109,620) = 503,686$

1% of total annual mortality: $(503,686 \times 1\%) = \mathbf{5,036}$

Song Thrush (*Turdus philomelos*)

Minimum breeding success: 4 birds per pair: $(1,365,000 \times 4) = 5,460,000$

Mortality rate of 1st year birds: $(5,460,000 \times 56\%) = 3,057,600$

Mortality rate of adults: $(2,730,000 \times 43.3\%) = 1,182,090$

Total annual mortality: $(3,057,600 + 1,182,090) = 4,239,690$

1% of total annual mortality: $(4,239,690 \times 1\%) = 42,396$.

5. For the purposes of establishing the period for the live-capturing of wild birds in Autumn under regulations 10(6)(ii) and (iii) of the Wild Birds Regulations, and for the purpose of these regulations, the period for the live-capturing of Song Thrush and Golden Plover for the year 2020, hereinafter referred to as "the Autumn live-capturing season", shall be on these following dates:

Establishment of the season.

(a) live-capturing of Song Thrush between 20th October 2020 and 31st December 2020, both dates included; and

(b) live-capturing of Golden Plover between 1st November 2020 and 10th January 2021, both dates included:

Provided that, the provisions of these regulations shall cease to have effect and no live-capturing activity shall be permitted in the event that the Minister orders, by notice in the Gazette or any other notice, that the Autumn live-capturing season shall be terminated immediately or at a date as specified by the Minister.

6. For the purposes of these regulations, the Autumn live-capturing season shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Conservation of Wild Birds (Framework for Allowing a Derogation Opening an Autumn Live-Capturing Season for Song Thrush and Golden Plover) Regulations.

Live-capturing according to set framework.
S.L. 549.74.

7. The Autumn live-capturing licence, which shall be issued upon the payment of a nominal fee of fifty-five euro (€55), shall set the overall seasonal bag limit for the Autumn live-capturing season at five-thousand (5,000) for Song Thrush, equivalent to less than zero point twelve percent (0.12%) of the total annual mortality of the reference population, and seven hundred (700) for Golden Plover, equivalent to less than zero point fourteen percent (0.14%) of the total annual mortality of the reference population, as the total number of birds which may be captured by means of live-capturing under the authority of all issued licences taken together.

Seasonal quotas and special licence fee.