

SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION 549.125

**CONSERVATION OF WILD BIRDS (DECLARATION
ON A DEROGATION FOR AN AUTUMN 2018 LIVE-
CAPTURING SEASON FOR SONG THRUSH AND
GOLDEN PLOVER) REGULATIONS**

19th October, 2018

LEGAL NOTICE 334 of 2018.

1. (1) The title of these regulations is the Conservation of Wild Birds (Declaration on a Derogation for an Autumn 2018 Live-capturing Season for Song Thrush and Golden Plover) Regulations. Citation and scope.

(2) For the purpose of these regulations and within the meaning of Article 9 of the Birds Directive, given that, in Malta, Golden Plovers and Song Thrushes neither breed in the wild nor in captivity, the Minister is hereby ascertaining the absence of another satisfactory solution for the acquisition of live specimens of these two species other than by means of live-capturing using clap-nets, in small numbers, and insofar as it is absolutely necessary to replenish the limited stock of live-birds in captivity for use as live-decoys during open hunting season.

(3) For the purpose of these regulations and within the meaning of Article 9 of the Birds Directive, the Minister took into consideration the favourable conservation status of the Golden Plover and Song Thrush at both the European ('Stable' and 'Moderate Increase' respectively) and European Union levels ('Secure'), and also took into consideration their IUCN classification as 'Least Concern'*.

2. The terms and expressions used in these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, shall have the same meaning as given to them in the Conservation of Wild Birds Regulations, hereinafter referred to as the "the Wild Birds Regulations", and in the Conservation of Wild Birds (Framework for Allowing a Derogation Opening an Autumn Live-capturing Season for Song Thrush and Golden Plover) Regulations. Interpretation.
L.S. 549.42.
L.S. 549.74.

3. For the purpose of these regulations, the Golden Plover and Song Thrush are classified as non-breeding passage migrants in Malta that qualify as huntable species under the Birds Directive (MT: Annex IIB). In this context, the "small numbers" requirement within the meaning of Article 9(1)(c) of the Birds Directive shall be understood as "a sample in the order of 1% of the total annual mortality of the Determination of reference population and small numbers.

* The July 2018 report on the conservation status of the Golden Plover (*Pluvialis apricaria altifrons*) and Song Thrush (*Turdus philomelos*), which was presented to the Malta Ornis Committee on 25 July 2018, is available at: <https://msdec.gov.mt/en/Document%20Repository/WBRU/2018/otherReports/conservationStatusOfGoldenPloverAndSongThrushJuly2018Update.pdf>.

population in question". For the purpose of these regulations, "population in question" shall be understood, with regard to these migratory species, as the population of those regions within the territory of the European Union from which come the main contingents passing through the region to which the derogation applies during its period of application, namely Finland and Sweden for the Golden Plover (Wetlands International, 2009) and Romania, Bulgaria and Hungary for the Song Thrush (Cramp *et al*, 1988; Spina & Volponi, 2008), as detailed in the report on the conservation status of these two species, which was presented to and endorsed by the Malta Ornithological Committee in July 2018.

Calculation of 1% of the total annual mortality of the reference population.

4. The 1% of the total annual mortality of Malta's reference population of Golden Plover and Song Thrush shall be calculated as follows:

Golden Plover (*Pluvialis apricaria altifrons*)

Minimum breeding success 3.64 birds per pair (203,000 x 3.64) = 738,920

Mortality rate of 1st year birds (738,920 x 53.33%) = 394,066

Mortality rate of adults (406,000 x 33.7%) = 136,822

Total annual mortality (394,066 + 136,822) = 530,888

1% of total annual mortality (530,888 x 1%) = **5,309**

Song Thrush (*Turdus philomelos*)

Minimum breeding success 4 birds per pair (1,365,000 x 4) = 5,460,000

Mortality rate of 1st year birds (5,460,000 x 56%) = 3,057,600

Mortality rate of adults (2,730,000 x 43.3%) = 1,182,090

Total annual mortality (3,057,600 + 1,182,090) = 4,239,690

1% of total annual mortality (4,239,690 x 1%) = **42,396**

Establishment of the season.

5. For the purposes of establishing the period for the live-capturing of wild birds in Autumn under regulations 10(6)(ii) and (iii) of the Wild Birds Regulations, and for the purpose of these regulations, the period for the live-capturing of Song Thrush and Golden Plover for the year 2018, hereinafter referred to as "the Autumn live-capturing season", shall be from the 20th October 2018 to the 31st December 2018, both dates included:

Provided that the provisions of these regulations shall cease to have effect and no live-capturing activity shall be permitted in the event that the Minister orders, by notice in the Gazette or any other notice, that the Autumn live-capturing season is to terminate

immediately or at a date as specified by the Minister.

6. For the purposes of these regulations, the Autumn live-capturing season shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Conservation of Wild Birds (Framework for Allowing a Derogation Opening an Autumn Live-capturing Season for Song Thrush and Golden Plover), Regulations.

Live-capturing
according to set
framework.
L.S. 549.74.

7. The Autumn live-capturing licence, which shall be issued upon the payment of a nominal fee of fifty-five euro (€55), shall set the overall seasonal bag limit for the Autumn live-capturing season at 5,000 for Song Thrush, equivalent to 0.12% of the total annual mortality of the reference population, and 700 for Golden Plover, equivalent to 0.13% of the total annual mortality of the reference population, as the total number of birds which may be captured by means of live-capturing under the authority of all issued licences taken together.

Seasonal quotas
and special licence
fee.